

NANCY ASTOR AMUSES HOUSE

Enters Spirited Debate Over New Liquor Bill.

People Want Longer Hours for the Saloon Trade.

Capably Holds Her Own Against Opposition.

(BY CABLE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH)

LONDON, April 24.—Lady Astor interested and amused the House of Commons at the expense of John Barleycorn, the King of Beers, by entering a spirited debate on the licensing reform bill, which is generally recognized as a "liquor trades" measure and is designed to give longer hours and greater freedom to public houses.

"We hear much about it," said Lady Astor's quip remarks among others were these:

"You can't make drink respect."

"The soldiers used to sing 'The Poor Old Kaiser Ain't What He Used to Be.'

LADY ASTOR'S STAND.

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The bill proposes among other things to extend the hours in which liquor-selling places may open from six to a minimum of eleven hours, with local option to control the hours between 5 a.m. and 10 p.m., and the formation of licensing boards appointed over by three specially appointed officers.

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"But," she added, "what about the great sacrifice the nation has made? That is the point that the English people pride themselves upon; it is their honesty; we are not honest but we admire honesty and ought to stick to it."

The bill, she said, provides for the payment of this sum in ten yearly installments of \$200,000 follows the payment of \$200,000 in ten years ago when a like sum was appropriated for work on the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers.

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SENATE SLAYERS OF JAP SAILORS.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE)

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MAY MORNING.

APRIL 25, 1921.—[PART I]

Los Angeles Times

DAILY DISCUSSION

Times Building, First and Broadway.

DELIVERED BY CARRIER

1 to 4, Daily Evening

Commercial, American, Western, Daily

Advertiser, Daily, Monthly, \$1.25.

2 to 5, Daily, Monthly, \$1.25.

Postage Paid

Editor, December 6, 1920, of the Postage Paid Los Angeles

under the Act of March 2, 1920.

1, APRIL 25, 1921.

Vol. XL, No. 16

THE WEST NEWS IN BRIEF

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH]

April 24.—Mrs.

and daughter,

parents, Mr.

on route from

Calif. to Amer-

ica expect

to see them

in the evening

"home-

now," in which

the club will

be

announced.

Indians will

meet at the

evening

"home-

now," in which

the club will

be

announced.

EDWARD HUMANE EFFORT.

MILWAUKEE, April 24.—Included in the curriculum of the Cross Normal School is a class defense for women.

Misses have been

attacked by liberal

groups, interpreted with

action.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Voss

have come to White Sulphur Springs

for two months.

Edgar Baum has closed

his summer home and has returned

to his family.

DETROIT, April 24.—Mr.

Bristol, of Ham-

Charles V. Vickrey, general

secretary, has re-

signed his position

as chairman of the

Committee on the

Relations.

Mr. Vickrey's work

has been done in

Philadelphia, where he

is now.

DETROIT, April 24.—A

white marble slab

covered with

stainless instruments

was placed there nine

years ago after it had

been taken from the

White House.

It was placed there

nearly nine times as great as

the previous calendar year and ap-

proximately nearly half the average

of trade for the two years immedi-

ately preceding the war, according

to a summary report of the

Department of Commerce.

During 1920, imports from Ger-

many were valued at \$88,528,230,

as compared with \$16,141,141 in

1919, and \$184,211,332 in 1918.

Imports for the first two months of 1921 averaged \$90,000 a month, the summary said.

ASK FOR PROTECTION.

Sixty southern business organiza-

tions were represented in Wash-

ington by the committee which called

on the Senate and the House Me-

ans Committee.

The delegation, which went to the White House, was led by John J. Kirby of New

Jersey, chairman of the committee.

They presented a petition to the

Senate and the House, asking

for protection.

They asked that the Republi-

cans be given a chance to

protect their industries.

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The Times Free Information and Resort Bureau
Corner First and Broadway

For the accommodation and benefit of persons seeking interesting routes of travel throughout the country, the Times has established a "Resort Bureau." Particulars are furnished by competent attendants and by correspondence to the general public regarding rates and accommodations of railroad and steamship lines, hotels, restaurants, and other places of interest. Persons desiring information may have it sent to the Times for inspection and distribution. That service is "absolutely free." Letters concerning the "Resort Bureau" should be addressed to the Times, 212 West 7th Street, Los Angeles, Calif.

PERSONS CONTEMPLATING VISITING LOS ANGELES ARE PRIVILEGED TO HAVE THEIR MAIL ADDRESSED TO THE BUREAU.

Resorts

Yosemite and Mariposa Big Trees VIA THE HORSESHOE ROUTE
Seven-Passenger Pierce Arrow Auto Service daily from Merced commencing April 20th.

"Just Like Going In Your Own Car."

For tickets, seat reservations and everything necessary for the trip see PECK-JUDAH, 223 So. Spring St. Phone Main 1795.

PASO ROBLES HOT SPRINGS HOTEL

Hot Sulphur and Mud Baths remarkably radio active and curative. Sports split course. Beautiful scenery and fine roads. On highway and S. P. R.R. Midway between Los Angeles and San Francisco.

D. G. W. TAPE, Manager.

WARNER HOT SPRINGS

BEAUTIFUL Mountain resort, hot sulphur baths, invigorating climate. Body and mind restored. Phone 2125. Diana Warner Hot Springs, 10 miles from Los Angeles. Open 10 A.M. every day. Rest, Recreation and Relaxation. Write for booklet to Guy E. Woodward and H. Kerr, Warner Springs, California.

VENICE SUNDAY, MAY 1st, 1:30 P.M.
HOISERY SHOW
100 BEAUTIFUL GIRLS

Steamships

ADMIRAL LINE
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

TICKET OFFICE—Cor. Fifth and Spring Sts. (Alexandria Hotel)
Long Beach Office, 114 West Ocean Ave.

\$30 Round Trip to San Francisco \$30
MR. A. J. EVANS, 10 A.M., WED., APRIL 27
PRESIDENT, 10 P.M., WED., APRIL 27

REGULAR SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO SEATTLE, TACOMA
FOR PORTLAND, ORE. DIRECT SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.
WE SELL THROUGH RAIL AND WATER TICKETS THROUGH
GATES HOTEL CAFE, 212 WEST 7TH STREET, LOS ANGELES,
CALIFORNIA.

ALASKA EXCURSIONS NOW BOOKING. 15 DAYS. \$185.00.
BERTH AND MEALS INCLUDED IN ALL FARES

AUSTRALIA!
NEW ZEALAND AND SOUTH SEAS
Via Tahiti and Bora Bora
New Zealand and South Seas Excursion by Dr. D. J. Union S. S. Co. of New Zealand
229 California St., San Francisco
or local steamship and railroad agents.

AMERICAN TRAVEL BUREAU
Reservations for
ALL CAMPS and RESORTS
217 Spring Street, Tel. 2812.
TICKET OFFICE—217 Spring Street, Long Beach.

Los Angeles Hotels and Apartments

Hotel Stowell
414-16-18 So. Spring St.
Running Ice Water and Bath with each Room
"Just easy at the Stowell"

**A SOLUTION OF THE HIGH COST ROSSLYN HOTEL!
LIVING—**
BREAKFAST, 25c to 75c; LUNCH, 50c; DINNER, 75c.

City Restaurants

GATES HOTEL CAFE
SIXTH AND FIGUEROA STREETS
BEST \$1 DINNER IN TOWN
SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER \$1.50
SERVED 5:30 TO 8 P.M. MUSIC

Superb Routes of Travel

Four Nights Coast to Coast

The "Sunset Limited" through the sunny South leaves Los Angeles at 8:30 each morning—New Orleans but two nights out.

Arrives at New Orleans with Southern Pacific Steamship Lines for New York, a five-day ocean voyage without additional cost.

Carries a through tourist sleeper every day to Washington, D. C.

Make the side trip over the Apache trail to the ancient Cliff Dwellings and Roosevelt Dam, through Arizona's Wonderland. Through sleeper to Globe, Arizona, each Sunday, Tuesday and Friday.

The Sunset Express over the same route leaves Los Angeles 2:30 P. M. daily.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

Tickets Office—212 West 7th
Station—Central Avenue at Fifth
Phone Pier 2000

TEST VALIDITY OF ROAD LAWS.

Arkansas Taxpayers File Suit in Chancery Court.

Allege the District is Unduly Burdened.

Debt Double Fair Value of Property Assessed.

EXCERPT FROM DISPATCH

WASHINGTON, April 24.—A suit to test the constitutionality of the Arkansas road laws under the Federal as well as the Arkansas association has been filed in the Chancery Court of Ashley county by various land owners and taxpayers of what is known as the Wilmet road district.

The taxpayers allege that the district has imposed a tax on the road debt of \$1,424,569.10, which the complaint states is "more than double the fair value of the original property of the entire district, and which, it is further al-

leged, is 123.1 per cent of the false and fraudulent benefits assessed against the real property of the district."

The complaint also charges that a law passed by the 1921 Legislature to compel the commissioners to make an accounting was stolen from the State archives before it could be enacted and presented to Gov. McNeil for his signature. At the road commissioners agreed to pay to Guy E. Thompson for selling the road bonds a fee in excess of \$16,000 and then the principle of "absolute confiscation" of property holds throughout the district. It is further alleged that the Little Rock engineering firm, "is illegal, excessive, and extortionate, and that the commissioners have appropriated and misappropriated funds sought as aid from the Federal government."

EXTORTION ALLEGED.

In a letter inserted in the complaint, the commissioners state that a tax of \$1,424,569.10, which the market value of which is estimated at \$260, has been assessed for the year 1920, and that this tax was imposed without the consent of the taxpayer in question. Another allegation is that the commissioners have made an untrue statement to the people of the Wilmet road district.

The taxpayers also state that the commissioners have taken the money paid by the taxpayers and have not given them a receipt.

THE PLAINTIFFS.

The plaintiffs are E. C. Carter, W. C. Carter, B. C. Jackson, A. Jackson, W. B. DeYarment, George Worman, the Crosscut Lumber Company and others, while the defendants are the Wilmet road district, the State Tax Commission, the County Auditor, the County Clerk, the Sheriff, the Warden and Dave Brown, the commissioners of the Wilmet road district; A. M. Keller, treasurer of the district; and Edmund R. Thompson, A. M. Keller, treasurer of the Bankers' Trust Company of Little Rock; the Bankers' Trust Company, the Crosscut Lumber Company, the Cantile Trust Company of St. Louis, the Oliver Construction Company, the Van Den Williams Construction Company and all other persons interested either as bondholders, contractors or subcontractors of the Wilmet road district."

WILL SETTLE ISSUE.

EXCERPT FROM DISPATCH

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The Arkansas road affliction, which has taken on the appearance of a malignant boil, came near a head in a new spot this week, when taxpayers of a number of the county roads were brought into two of the county courts. In one court they achieved a victory, in another they were defeated.

The first suit was brought in the County Court yesterday twenty-five taxpayers appeared and asked to be made to pay their taxes. They based their case on the grounds that the taxes assessed against their lands are far in excess of the actual value of the land.

FARMERS OPPOSED TO RAIL GUARANTY.

ALSO AGAINST SALES TAX AND REPEAL OF EXCESS PROFITS LEVY: OUTLINE VIEWS.

BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Repeal of the guaranty section of the Transportation Act, reduction in railroad rates, equal representation for agriculture under the tariff and adequate credit facilities for agriculture was announced yesterday as the legislative program which the American Farm Bureau Federation will present to the executive committee of the federation after two weeks' conference.

Strong opposition was expressed to any sales tax, to repeal of the excess profits levy and to a tariff on farm products. Another recommendation proposed the submission of a constitutional amendment prohibiting the issuing of all tax bonds in amounts as high as \$14,000,000 in excess of revenue now escaped a Federal tax."

STOLE BODY FOR CHARMS.

JOHANNESBURG, April 24.—Two native witch doctors have been sentenced to death for the crime of after their pidesque guilty to a charge of stealing the body of a European woman from a grave on the Swaziland border to make charms.

REPORTS

LOWE'S CAMP BIG BEAR LAKE

Plan Knob P. O., San Bernardino County, Housekeeping and hotel accommodations. Free camping sections.

OAKLEIGH LODGE

2000 feet elevation.

RECEIPTS TOTAL \$26,000 FOR TWO WEEKS STAY; AT-TENDANCE \$5,000.

LITTLE BEAR LAKE RESORT

2000 feet elevation.

FEATHER RIVER INN

In the High Sierra, Plumas Co.

OPEN JUNE 1ST.

New room and guest house.

Write for descriptive folder, Rates.

W. W. Brown, Palace Hotel,

San Francisco.

San Francais Motel

Hotel Cartwright

SAN FRANCISCO

554 Fulton St., above Powell St.

W. M. TURNER, Mgr.

"A Home Away From Home."

From the moment the guest arrives he is surrounded with the thoughtful hospitality which is uniformly observed.

Rates From \$2.00 and Up. W.H. Bath

From Ferry to car No. 1 or 2 or 3

to Powell St. and Townsend

and Market St. to Market St. to

the San Francais Motel.

SWEDES FIND COPPER.

STOCKHOLM, April 24.—Remarkable quantities of copper have been found in the Kandabag district. The annual estimate of output is \$20,000 tons.

PRISON USES HONOR SYSTEM.

Unique Methods in Vogue in Delaware.

Experiment in Penology is Proving Success.

Inmates Rule Serves and Mete Out Punishment.

HILL SYSTEM ROADS ARE MONEY MAKERS.

HAVE SURPLUS OF ALMOST \$100,000,000, ACCORDING TO REPORT.

(EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH)

NEW YORK, April 24.—The history and description of the railroads comprising the so-called Hill system have been prepared by Harris & Forbes & Co. The pamphlet points out the aggregate surplus plus the four roads forming the system at the beginning of the last year, amounted to almost \$400,000,000. This surplus has gradually been accumulated over a long period of years.

"As an indication of the success attained upon the Hill roads, the amount of property under the Hill management is of interest to note that the Burlington, from the date it was constructed in 1868, has increased its assets at boom prices and has been assessed at \$140,000,000.

"The Central of America and the Quaker Railroad Company has paid dividends continuously for almost its entire history. Since 1873, the smallest dividend paid in the year has been 4 per cent. Since 1904, the dividend rate has been 8 per cent.

"The Great Northern Railroad Company has its dividends paid continuously since 1881; the dividend since 1889 has been at the rate of 7 per cent.

"The Denver & Rio Grande Western Railroad Company has paid dividends during the last year being \$125,000,000," the statement says.

"The Northern Pacific Railway Company has paid dividends annually since 1889, a disbursement of 7 per cent per annum having been maintained since 1905."

WREATHS FOR GRAVES OF AMERICANS ABROAD

MEMORIAL DAY COMMITTEE IN PARIS IS COMPLETING ARRANGEMENTS.

IN EXCERPT FROM DISPATCH

PARIS, April 24.—The American Memorial Day committee in France is rapidly completing plans by which it will place wreaths on the graves of over 200,000 American soldiers in France.

"The extensive campaign

for the year 1921 will be conducted with sufficient funds to leave a balance which will take care of all the arrangements for this year. For

example, a recent contribution from the State Legislature in behalf of a rail law similar to the one enacted in Wisconsin, he declared:

"More than half of the victims of vice, hotbeds of disease, leprosy, foul and immoral, where abnormal conditions prevail, are to be found in the minds where men become more debased and beastly than initiates and experts in vice."

"In the hearing out of Warden Plummer's theory, the internal affairs of the workhouse are administered by the prisoners themselves and by the warden, who is a man serving eighteen years for manslaughter and who has been a member of the organization for three years. The warden is represented by counsel at these hearings and may appeal to the warden, but rarely does so."

ONLY SIX GUARDS.

There are now only six guards in the institution. These are in the main stationed at the doors and carry rifles and bayonets, and are on patrol and recreation without a guard present, do their work unguarded and leave batches of work on the floor to be cleaned up with their own hands.

The prison is scrupulously clean.

The men have a hand of twenty-five pieces of equipment, including baseball bats and dramatic collection. They are allowed visitors at any time when it will not interfere with their work or when they are in the infirmary or in the infirmary conversing freely with relatives. Gifts are not received.

"They can bring them in to the warden. The warden would not use them."

In the main corridor is a store where tobacco, soap, toilet articles, dried fruits, biscuits and novelties are sold at cost.

WORK EIGHT HOURS.

The prisoners work eight hours a day and have from 5:30 P.M. to 8 P.M. for recreation. The infirmary is open to the yard or recreation rooms during the day when tasks are finished ahead of time or are temporary.

Only six prisoners have attempted to escape under the honor system.

Three of these were captured and punished by their fellow inmates.

On the Saturday half-holiday baseball games are played, with outside spectators admitted, and many spectators. On Sundays services of every denomination are held.

In fact, the honor system is based on the idea that the inmates are to save, and it is to religious influence he looks for his results.

The prison's work is not finished on schedule. The first task is to find the prisoner employment with a firm which will overlook his prison record and help him along.

APRIL 25, 1921.—[PART L]

SEEK TAXES.
Assessments Are
Claim.Warden of
Prison.Honored by
My.

FATHER!

April 24.—
The Wards, hard
working, are making
of their tax ap-
peals. The meeting held
at the meeting hall
and may bring
the members on
the floor of
the house of
considered at
the school
the term
scale down.has been ap-
succeeding G.
resigned. The
same day
under Gov.
and erected the
of the State
of the Arizona
Spanish war
engaged as a
and his
had re-
the Insane and
the former
ment of the
Gardner Arms
in Phoenix.
Commander
Glover Vice-
Gen. A. J.
the command
in San Diego
District
Chemical
Trade name or
been offered
by Arthur
and car
ons.
of Wichita
way home
Los Angeles,
near Chandler,
the car of
as filling his
IDLE.
aliment and
the last stock
only forty-five
ined the
most days in
the smaller
nineteen
cut effective
compensation
and
other em-
engineers**CHINESE WANTED IN
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS**GOV. McCARTHY WANTS CON-
GRESS TO ACT; BASES OF
ASSAULT AGAINST JAPANESE

Anti-Japanese

ASPIRIN

"Bayer" on Genuine

**HITS JAPANESE
MILITARY PARTY**Business Men Favorable to
Navy Curtailment.Paid Advertisements Aimed
at Yamagata.Prince is Advised to Put
Aside Saber.**COTTON BY-PRODUCTS
ARE NOW VALUABLE.**EXPERTS FIND USE FOR ALL
BUT DUST AND DIRT; OIL
IS MOST IMPORTANT.**IRISH AMBUSHES
WELL PREPARED.**Inside Story of Murders is
Told by Volunteers.British Commands Decimated
in Some Cases.Sinn Feiners Sometimes Fall
into Counter-trap.(EXCERPT—DISPATCH)
WASHINGTON, April 24.—Cotton experts have devised methods for using everything about a ton of cotton except the 145 pounds of dust and dirt and volatile substances that are thrown away or vanish into thin air during the process of manufacture.

Specialists of the Bureau of Marine and Fisheries, United States Department of Agriculture, have determined that the actual cotton in a ton of unfinned product weighs only 700 to 750 pounds, the remaining 1350 to 1300 pounds being dust and volatile substances.

In the average cotton crop of 1920, the average yield for the United States for one ton of cotton was 302 pounds of oil, 295 pounds of cake and meat, and 574 pounds of hulls, in addition to the 145 pounds of foreign products and volatile substances.

These proportions vary from year to year.

Cotton is now largely of foreign origin, but there are now some 600 plants in the United States, where it is manufactured, producing dyes, labeling, militaristic and exclusive armaments.

The letter is really an indictment of Prince Yamagata, head of the military party, to whom Sinn Feiners have turned.

The writer continues:

That foreign production of Japan is due to the belief abroad that "hide-bound" militarists like

you interfere with the affairs of

the nation." He continues:

"PUT ASIDE SABER."

NEW YORK, April 14.—New dwellers are massing to give up the hardest lot of the passing period.

It will take the form of aodus to the suburbs. Fully 100 families have bought or built houses in crowded city centers.

It is a clean, white out-

it once from the nearest

It is the oil of many

costing them a average of

apices. A total of 37,400

capital investments have

from the reach of land

profiteering, and the state which

buyers have vacant will add

shocked sections where they

most needed.

OSCAR RETAINED BY
WALDORF-ASTORIA

(EXCERPT—DISPATCH)

NEW YORK, April 24.—Roy

ruthers, managing director of

Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, announced

that he had signed a contract

Oscar for a period of ten years

a fee said to involve almost \$600.

This makes Oscar the highest

paid man in the hotel world.

"We want men too well qualified

for repeating."

It is said he has handled

social functions innumerable

to prominent men and

than any man in this country

Europe, with a long list of good

reputations by grateful mem-

royalty who have visited him

will of the people.

GET LIVING FROM NAVY.

Do you know why in Northern

Japan the disarmament campaign

has not gone forward so much as

in the south? It is because your

people are not educated to do so

so much that no room is left for

the higher schools conditions are

ever worse? How can Japan hope

to enter into commercial competi-

tion with the rest of the world when

new generations are scarcely

ignorant? This is a fundamental

truth that is scarcely

worth discussing, yet Japan is ignor-

ing it, hoping to succeed without the

essential fundamentals.

Do you know why universal

suffrage would solve the

problem? It is because our people

are not educated up to the re-

responsibilities of suffrage? And our

electoral ticket does not represent the

will of the people.

STOCK MARKET IN

BRITAIN OPTIMISTIC.

MEXICAN OILS AND INDUS-
TRIALS SHOW IMPROVEMENT ON EXCHANGE.

(EXCERPT—DISPATCH)

LONDON, April 24.—The optimis-
tism of the stock exchange proved

more than indicated

what would be the case.

The big transport dislocations did not occur.

Ignoring the miners' strike, in its

main, the market situation is

the following, which the correspond-

ent follows:

"Since then I do not like guns

battleships. But when hundreds of

Polish children came to Japan from

Yukio I went to see them, as they

stayed in the Red Cross Hospital

not far from the border.

They were unhappy, very thin and dirty,

had no boots and proper clothes.

Of course, our people gave them all

things they wanted and they are all

right now.

"Papa told me their fathers were

killed by guns and battleships and

their mothers died of sickness be-

cause they had no doctors and med-

icine."

THREW GUNS AWAY.

"Since then I do not like guns

battleships any more, and I think

gunboats are awfully bad. I think we

do the same if you only saw these

Polish children yourself.

They told me they were building very big battleships.

I asked him why they make them now that the Kaiser is no more. But

he said you cannot make me

any more. Only Americans started

building them and Japan must

do the same. I think this is very foolish,

as the guns sometimes go off by

themselves. It is better to have

them built."

"You think just as I do, will

you and all the others?

If that is the same way, and if

they do will you tell your man that

you don't want new battleships?

Then your man will tell me

to step it all up, and Japan will help too, and the

whole world will be lovely and

peaceful."

ADVERTISING MEN

CONCLUDE SESSION.

BY A. P. NIGHTINGALE

DEL MONTE, April 24.—The

California Advertising Service Asso-

ciation held its two-day conven-

tion here last night.

Amidst the subjects discussed

were proposed attempts to raise

the advertising standards

in schools and colleges;

the work of the legislation committee in

reference to certain bills before the

Legislature; co-operation between

printer and agency and between gen-

eral agency and advertising service.

Addressess were made by prominent

California newspaper publish-

ers. A. Carman Smith of Los Ange-

les presided. The next meeting will

be at Catalina in October.

TOP
BOOK
STEN!TO
ROBINSONS
WEDNESDAY

C

FINE FROCKS
HALF PRICE

TUESDAY EXPRESS

DAILY TIMES

otors Company
Los Angeles

0 minutes, 5 seconds

12—Shrs. 54min.

10—Shrs. 9min.

7hrs. 22min. 114.

1day—Shrs. 40min. 5s.

ut to 1 hr., 58 min.

ng his own Leland-built
d been driven over 16,000
ed out from the famous
Union office at 608 South
at 4 o'clock. The car
ion officials at Bishop at
mark of 6 hours, 40 min-
ately stock in every par-
a perfect score. Your
car and will stand up un-
to.McCurdy Soap
Keeps the Skin
Clear

Catalina Soap

Keeps the Skin
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Catalina Soap

erly Hills Bowl.**Los Angeles to Bishop Record Lowered Again.***In a Game of Pool in New York.**Catching Up on Sleep Schedule.**Will be in Best of Shape for Georges.***STARS BATTLE TO A CLIMAX.**

(Continued from Sixth Page.)

PAT SHEA WON'T JOIN WHITE SOX.**BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.**
CHICAGO, April 24.—Pat Shea, who it was announced, would join the Chicago American League team, coming from the New York Nationals under an interleague agreement, will not join the club, it was now known today. The deal was declared off. Shea, a pitcher, was purchased from Toronto by Poole in New York for \$12,000.**DUCKS SNATCH TWO FROM THE MORMONS.****OAKS SPLIT WITH THE ANGEL CREW.****BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.**
PORTLAND, April 24.—Portland snatched a double victory from Salt Lake, winning the first game in eleven innings and nipping out the Bees in the second contest. It was 10 minutes to 7 o'clock, when the second game ended.

Both games were featured by long runs, the first four runs being made by Jourdan and Cox being made in the first affair and six doubles and a homer by Poole in the second battle. Scores:

SALT LAKE**PORTLAND****Scored by Innings.****SALT LAKE****PORTLAND**

GEORGIA WON REAL SYMPATHY

Capital Always Gave Heartly Welcome to Strangers.

Democratic and Free from Sober Restraints.

Popular with Russ Nobles Before War.

I. F. FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT,
CONSTANTINOPLE, March 22.—The Georgian Republic, which ceased to exist as an independent, home-controlled government at the end of February, as a result of attacks directed from Moscow, made a considerable stir during the three years of its freedom.

On the parties that have broken away from great Russia such as Poland, Armenia, and the Ukraine, we have won more real sympathy from visitors. In the capital of this little republic, situated in the Caucasus foothills beside the Little River Kura, there was always a hearty welcome for strangers. Like all the provincial cities of old Russia, the life was carefree, gay, and romantic and free from the sober restraints of more highly organized and commercialized communities.

HOUSE ROYALTY.

This had its opera, its music hall, its cabaret, its restaurants, its picturesque drunks. Its old-fashioned national costumes and dances, both men and women. It had its society of princes and princesses and dukes and duchesses who built their town houses and extended hospitality almost to all comers, as in the South "before the war." Russians themselves, however, and since the great revolution, have visited Georgia because of its climate and its verdant richness. The czar and hosts of Petrograd and Moscow nobles and their hunting lodges and summer resort places scattered through Georgia.

One cause of the occupation of Georgia by the Bolsheviks was probably lost. This was the last portion of Russia which still retained some of old Russia's vast treasures of art, of paintings of famous masters of the 18th and 19th centuries, of arms adorned with precious metals and jewels, of silver-ornamented harnesses or diamonds and valuable oriental stones, the very names of which are hardly known in western countries.

TO RETAKE PROVINCES.
A more general cause of the occupation by the Bolsheviks has been the systematic attempt of Moscow to incorporate into Russia all provinces.

During its three years of independence, Georgia had on paper 15 mobilizations of troops against Russia, all in the north. All of these newly formed republics in Europe occupy some strategic transport position which their neighbors need and this generally brings on trouble.

The attack of the Soviet army was made on February 15. The Bolsheviks are said to have won the day as far as their campaign into Persia and to give a better control of Armenia, all for the purpose of an attack on the Black Sea also for control of another offensive or defensive with the Turks.

The attack of the Soviet army was made on February 15. The news about the occupied provinces went out on April 25 when the Georgians were obliged to flee. Their intelligence services had bad, there was no lubricating oil for their brand new airplanes, everything went wrong.

CITY WAS LOCATED.

The location of the city began from the inside. When the Bolsheviks came, more of a rabble than a soldiery, they were permitted to loot, after the manner of arabs in the past, the rich cities. The Allied and American missions and officials are said to have been overthrown. Georgia had to give a better control of Armenia, all for the purpose of an attack on the Black Sea also for control of another offensive or defensive with the Turks.

Because of lack of unity and sympathy among the two members of the Comintern, the Bolsheviks were able to play them one against the other. The Tartars and Cossacks who helped overthrow Georgia had been fighting for national freedom in their own country.

The Bolsheviks who formed the leftist government at Tiflis have proclaimed that now Georgia is free to work out her destinies without imperialistic influences.

WILL COMBAT BLUE SUNDAY AGITATION.

**ANTIREFORMERS ORGANIZE AT
BANQUET; DAVID RELASCO
HEADS COMMITTEE.**

[EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, April 24.—An organization to combat blue laws, known as the Comité des Législateurs, or the Committee of the International Reform Bureau and the antitobacco campaign of the W. C. T. O. was organized yesterday at a banquet at the Hotel Commodore. David Relasco headed the banquet committee, which included Justice John J. Frechette, H. H. Harlan, Robert W. Lawrence, Frederick Lawrence, J. Gardner Smith, Jefferson Thompson, Charles Thorpe, and Henry Garrison.

Charles Thorpe and his colleagues were gone. Edward of New Jersey, Congressman Julius Kahn of California, and Grover Cleveland, Jr., of New York, John F. Carow, John J. Kindred, Nathan Perlman, Martin C. Ansorge, D. J. Kinnane, Robert B. Rossale, and Andrew N. Peacock.

Mayors of cities—Taylor of Wilmington, Dell Kincaid of Mount Vernon, C. E. Smith of Bridgeport, C. Sullivan of Worcester, William of Newark, and Hague of Jersey City.

Representatives—Nathan Straus, Jr., Charles C. Lockwood, John J. Boylan, Jeremiah F. Towney, James J. Walker, Bernard Downing and Martin G. McCue.

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Representatives—Nathan Straus, Jr., Charles C

TO LET—FLATS—Unfurnished.

TO LET— HOUSES—BUNGALOWS—FLATS
ANYWHERE—ANY SIZE—ANY PRICE
CITY, SUBURBAN, RURAL, ETC.
BEDROOMS—CITY TRADES, PROFESSIONALS
STRANGERS AND NEW ARRIVALS GIVEN
WARMER BREEZE, 1207 SOUTH BROADWAY
TEN YEARS. Mail Address: AGRICULTURE 1004.

TO LET—WILSHIRE DISTRICT.

Beautiful south side flat set up with
modern conveniences, including central
heating, dining room, and working din-
ing room. Located in Wilshire. Rent \$150
per month.

TO LET— APARTMENT, 2100 Flower, 6th floor.
Price \$100.

TO LET— Three spacious, very desirable
new carpeted, curtains and drapes; radio
and telephone service, inclosed telephoneservice
right and day.

TO LET—MARIAMOUR HOTEL,
1000 Flower Street.

TO LET— Apartment, 5 rooms, private
bath, kitchen, dining room, living room,
porch, sunroom, etc. \$175 per month.
Phone 2000.

TO LET—GOLD APARTS. Furnished
modern, 4 rooms, 2 baths, \$175 per month.
Phone 2000.

TO LET—NIGHTCLUB.

Moderately furnished, 5 minutes' walk
from Wilshire, very nice single apartment
with kitchenette, bath, sunroom, etc. \$175 per
month.

TO LET— 500 N. BEAVERLY. Phone 19707.
Walk-up, 2 rooms, kitchen, bath, sunroom,
etc. \$175 per month.

TO LET— Exquisitely attractive, light,
airy double apartment, third floor, elevator
service, kitchen, bath, sunroom, etc. \$175 per
month.

TO LET— Wilshire district, rent \$150.

3 rooms, 2 baths, kitchen, dining room, living
room, sunroom, etc. \$175 per month.

TO LET— 2000 MIRAMAR ST., near 2nd and
Wilshire. Phone 2000.

TO LET— Fully furnished, 3 rooms, 2 baths,
kitchen, sunroom, etc. \$175 per month.

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THE WEATHER

(Local Report)

LOCAL FORECAST

For Los Angeles and vicinity

SAN FRANCISCO, April 24.—Reported to be 70° at 5 a.m., 72° at noon, 74° at 5 p.m. Relative humidity 50% at 5 a.m., 55% at noon, 60% at 5 p.m. Windy, 10 to 15 mph. Temperature 68° at 5 a.m., 70° at noon, 72° at 5 p.m. Windy, 10 to 15 mph. Relative humidity 50% at 5 a.m., 55% at noon, 60% at 5 p.m.

WINDSHIELD WIPERS

Monday and Tuesday generally wet.

COLORADO RIVER

TIME, April 24.—(Indicates height Colorado River, 17.1 feet)

TEMPERATURE

MORN. NOON. NIGH.

Sat. 45 70 68

Sun. 46 71 69

Mon. 47 72 70

Tues. 48 73 71

Wed. 49 74 72

Thurs. 50 75 73

Fri. 51 76 74

Sat. 52 77 75

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The People and Their Daily Troubles

**Courage of the Handicapped
Inspiration for Everyone.**

BY FREDERIC J. HASKIN.

Suppose that you lost both hands and the sight of both eyes. How would you face life? Would you do nothing and done for, or would you have the courage to carry on the fight?

Wounded veterans of the war, furnish rich and varied opportunities to study this question of the abilities of the human spirit to endure seemingly impossible disasters.

Take, for example, the case of Henry Bitter, former corporal in the United States Army. Corporal Bitter was injured by a premature explosion of a bomb so that he became totally blind in both eyes and had to have both hands amputated at the wrists. Mr. Bitter, with the aid of training supplied by the Federal Board for Vocational Education, has got control over his physical trouble so that he has organized a formula for patent medicines. It is well known to physicians of standing and to his customers that he is together selling the medicines to who-sale dealers. Mr. Bitter has more business than he can handle and is soon to open a factory.

An interesting sidelight on the way a man with these defects overcomes them is given in a letter from Alvin W. Brown, a blind veteran, who also suffered the loss of both hands, to Henry Bitter. The letter is quoted in part:

"For the first place, I am wearing a pair of artificial hands which are quite strong, though they are not light and are made of aluminum and I can wear them all day without any fatigue or discomfort."

The movement of the hands obtained by a shoulder movement and the hands are perfectly natural in appearance. I once addressed a meeting without a coat, not knowing that I was wearing artificial hands. When I first became blind, I could not see anything that was around me, but now I surprise everybody with the one most surprising is myself."

"Less than six months ago I was unable to write by holding my pen in a holder, but I could not get my mouth from start to finish. Now I take my cigarette out of my mouth and when you are a smoker you will understand that the time it takes to take my hat off, carry a walking stick, feed myself with a spoon and knife, underscriber and do many other little things."

"If you will take my advice, I would like to give you a little tip. Do not let yourself be pummeled stick for that purpose. You will find that you will have to depend upon your own sense of hearing and smell. When you are fit, your artificial hands will you get about better than your other blind friends."

"I kept a soldier-like appearance when walking, this necessarily means swinging of the arms and your hands will jump into anything, or if you do not wear your coat, walk in the center of the pavement. You will find bicycles and unscrupulous hand-harried a nuisance at times because the wind in a stage whisper is sometimes sufficient when knocking into

"Your chances of physical exercise are naturally greatly impaired but you will find plenty of physical exercise in swimming to keep you fit. Swimming is also good for roller skating. Fine dancing good recreation. I also can ride by my artificial hands and strapped to the wrist."

"Since I have been like this, I have traveled a lot up and down the country and have had many amusing experiences. I take considerable satisfaction in the fact that I am able to derive pleasure from the company of the people."

Mr. Nichols also passes on to Mr. Bitter, tips regarding how to use a typewriter. He has written so well, he can do his own correspondence work, a simple code by means of which his friends can send him messages. He has also written to him, and other practical details of a similar nature. A training officer who visited Mr. Bitter at his home, said that he was a good example to the young man, but immediately upon meeting him, found any such efforts unnecessary, and after entering into conversation with him, soon

TAKES CARE OF 5 CHILDREN

Mrs. Taylor's Sickness Ended by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Roxbury, Mass.—"I suffered continually with backache and was often compelled to remain in bed for many months at a time. It was almost impossible to keep around all day. Since my last baby came two years ago my back has been worse and no position I could get in would relieve it. I consulted my doctor and doctor's medicine did not help me. A friend recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I have found great relief since using it. I keep this compound in my medicine cabinet and I am very thankful I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound such a help. I recommend it to any woman suffering as I was before I saw Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 5 St. James Place, Roxbury, Mass."

Backache is one of the most common symptoms of a displacement or derangement of the female system. No woman should make the mistake of trying to overcome it by heroic remedies, but profit by Mrs. Taylor's experience. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Veteran organizations and other patriotic bodies feel that something

must be done to remedy the situation. We should do something to alleviate this suffering, mental as well as physical. These full-blooded American citizens endured much pain and were willing to give their all in the defense of their country and institutions, and to make our peace-loving and prosperous country a better and happier home for those who sought liberty and freedom.

Let us renew that fervor and patriotic feelings we had at those men who gave their lives in the service of their country. Let us go to the front and make a special effort to place them on the pay rolls again. If they were willing, let them give them a rifle. Let us now give them a job.

I personally know of a number of disabled men who are quite serious; men who are industrious, intelligent and deserving of employment. Some are dependent upon others. Let us make room for them on the pay rolls. If we have to erase the names of all disabled men so let us make "public pay rolls" 100 per cent.

"One Flag, One Country, One Language." — ALBERT BRADY.

Objects to Library.

LOS ANGELES, April 21.—[To the Editor of The Times:] We do not now live in the home in the city, but the taxes go merrily on, and we want to add the strength of the library to the big building making them any heavier to build a library building. A library building is a heavy load to bear, like a much as a large city hall and new jail.

I agree with J. M. Scanlan's

objection to the building of a

library to their mother country,

and keep our money at home till the boys are all provided for.

Save the dignity of this great community, let us build a city hall

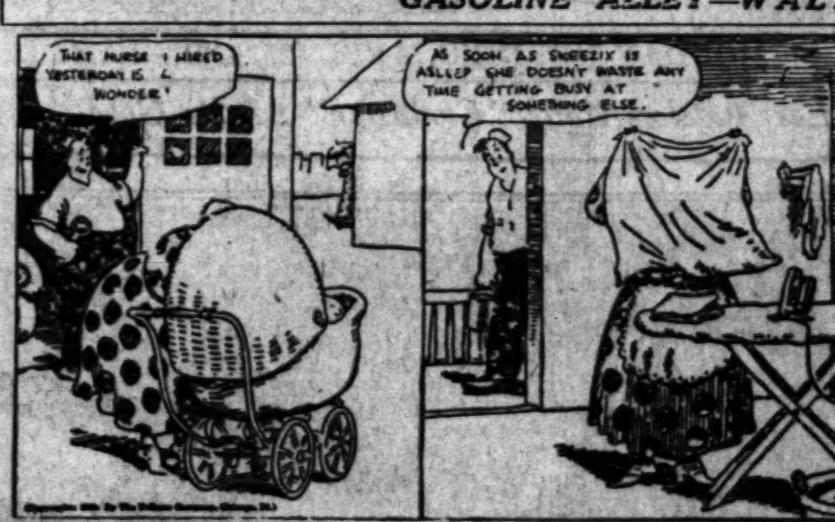
that will be a show place, let that

will curb crime instead of inciting it and leave the library where it is till we have more important things to do.

O. BIRGE.

The Common Folk.

TORRANCE, April 21.—[To the Editor of The Times:] The editorial of Richard Maumes in Sunday's paper was amusing to say the least. To



GASOLINE ALLEY—WALT DISCOVERS A JEWEL



DRIN

Beauty—

(The following is from the Public)

CASH

Every pupil in the Posters for the Milk Poster cash prizes. Will

Read the rules given.

Write About Milk—

For the best Milk P

For 2nd best Milk P

For 3rd best Milk P

Posters may be in any slogan or inscription.

Essays may be in any more than five hundred words.

All essays and posters

desire, the name of the

A cash purse of \$500

of milk for the mo

pupils and teachers

school. The best poster

Essays and Posters

Delivered Direct

SCHOOL

429 Pacific Financ

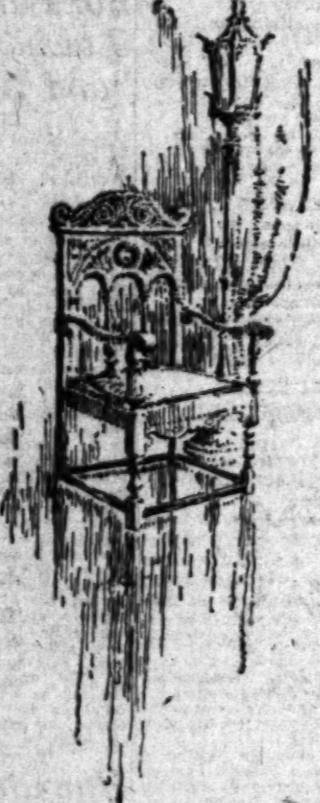
MAIN BANK
FIFTH AND SPR
SEVENTH ST. BR.
SEVENTH AND GR

Ten Floors in a Location
Enables us to Sell for Less

You May Not Be Aware of It—

Our regular cash prices
have been reduced

One-Fifth
One-Fourth
One-Third
One-Half
in nearly all lines.



Located in Pasadena
83 to 91 N. Raymond Ave.
Phone Colorado 8200

but we know our values in furniture, rugs and draperies are better than you will find elsewhere on the entire Pacific Coast.

It stands to reason that our prices must be lower to attract cash patronage from other and larger cities to Pasadena as we have done.

Our Million dollar cash sales volume under low overhead expense enables us to buy the better class of homefurnishings direct from the world's greatest factories and sell them at prices proved by comparison to be invariably lower.

This and the advantage of shopping at an easily accessible location under ideal conditions from large, choice assortments with service of a high standard, is the basis upon which we solicit your patronage.

May we have the pleasure of showing you through our beautiful store?

Pasadena
FURNITURE CO.

Closed at One o'clock
Every Saturday
in the Year.



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DRINK MILK for Beauty-Brains-Brawn

(The following is a Summary of Instructions Sent to the Principals of the Public Schools of Los Angeles, for Governing the Contests.)

CASH PRIZES FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN

Every pupil in the Public Schools of Los Angeles up to and including the Eighth Grade can enter the Milk Poster and Milk Essay Prize Contests. A number of children will receive liberal cash prizes. Will you be one of them? Read the rules given below carefully, and then—Drink More Milk—Think More Milk—Write About Milk—and Draw Milk Posters.

For the best Milk Poster \$25.00 For the best essay on Milk \$25.00
For 2nd best Milk Poster 15.00 For 2nd best essay on Milk 15.00
For 3rd best Milk Poster 10.00 For 3rd best essay on Milk 10.00

Pens may be in any size, on any paper, in any number of colors, but each should bear some name or inscription.

Essays may be in any form, and on any phase of the milk question, but should not contain more than five hundred words.

All essays and posters should bear the name of the scholar who is the author, the home address, the name of the school and the teacher's name.

A cash prize of \$50 will be given to the school showing the largest daily average consumption of milk for the months of April and May. This sum is to be spent by a committee of pupils and teachers selected by the principal, for some useful or ornamental gift to the school. The best posters and essays will be published in the newspapers.

Essays and Posters Should Be Handed to the Teachers for Mailing, or Delivered Direct by Pupils on or Before May 15, 1921, to

SCHOOL CONTEST DEPARTMENT

CALIFORNIA MILK PRODUCERS' ASSOCIATION.
63 Pacific Finance Building

Sixth and Olive Streets

MAIN BANK
FIFTH AND SPRING
SEVENTH ST. BRANCH
SEVENTH AND GRAND

SECURITY TRUST & SAVINGS BANK
SAVINGS COMMERCIAL TRUST
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS FIVE MILLION DOLLARS
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM
LOS ANGELES

April 25, 1921.

To our Depositors:

We have in the files of our Trust Department the Wills of thousands of our depositors. One of the most important services which this institution has been able to offer its patrons is that of acting as executor of their estates, or as trustees to carry out special provisions made for beneficiaries, or as guardian of the estates of minor children.

The advantages of having the Trust Department of this bank act as executor, trustee or guardian are obvious. An individual named as executor may die or become incompetent before the Will in which he is named is presented for probate. Moreover, individuals generally lack the varied experience which a Trust Company accumulates.

The Trust Department of this bank is a permanent institution through which flows a continuous stream of estates and trusts. Experience and competency in administration, absolute reliability and responsibility, coupled with the bank's accuracy in accounting are the essentials of its successful operation. The deposit of securities valued at \$600,000 with the State Treasurer gives security for the faithful performance of our trusts.

The fees of an executor are fixed by law and are the same for this bank as for an individual. Where the bank is named as executor, the Will may be filed with it for safe-keeping, without charge. It is then free from danger of destruction, alteration or inspection, and is kept free from all prying eyes. The maker of the Will may, however, have access to it at any time, may change it as he pleases, destroy it, or supersede it with a later Will.

Your Will should be drawn by a competent lawyer. We invite a consultation with our Trust Officers regarding the advantages of naming the Trust Department as executor, trustee or guardian, and the services which it can render you.

Yours truly,

J. F. Tarto
President.

This is an
Illustration
of the Striking
Posters
which identify
The Great
Milk Drive
Now On in the
Los Angeles
Public Schools

Seeks Fortune for "Baubles" Lost.



Mrs. Hazel B. De Mossin.

GEM INSURANCE CLAIMS FILED.

(Continued from First Page.)

other pieces of jewelry not insured. Mrs. De Mossin had also told the police that on other occasions she had lost various amounts of jewelry, all of which had been covered by insurance.

Local agents of Lloyd's said yesterday a legal battle would probably follow between the insurance agent and the \$40,000. She left this city for the East soon after she reported the robbery. For a while she remained in China, but an insurance agent there failed to find her. Upon her arrival in New York she called at the New York insurance office and gave a full statement of the facts surrounding the theft in Los Angeles. A copy of this statement was forwarded to the head office of the American Diversives King and Oiske. It differs slightly from the statement she gave in this city.

The gift of radium is to be made to Dr. Curie in recognition of her discovery and her scientific experiments, and the fact that she did not patent her process, but gave it freely. It is estimated that the gram, which is approximately equivalent to the amount of one-quarter of a teaspoonful, will provide Dr. Curie with enough radium to last her during her life in her experiments in the cure of cancer. It will suffice for scientific work for 100 years.

It is asked that all contributions be sent to Mrs. Sidney T. Exley at 654 West Forty-second street. Checks are to be made out to the Mme. Curie Radium Fund.

The dispute was over an eight-day clock and the Judge said: "I award the clock to the plaintiff." "Then what do I get?" the defendant asked.

"The sum of the eight days," said his honor.—[Boston Transcript.]

SOUTHLAND WOMEN TO AID CURIE GIFT FUND.

RADIUM DISCOVERER TO BE PRESENTED WITH GRAM OF RARE ELEMENT.

Mme. Marie Curie, accredited the world's greatest woman scientist, and the discoverer of radium, is to be presented with a gram of the rare element by the women of America on her arrival in this country in May. The movement to raise the \$100,000 needed to purchase the radium has just recently been started by women's organizations throughout the country and at the twentieth annual convention of Los Angeles District Federation of Women's Clubs last week the women of Southern California voiced their intention to aid in the raising of the amount.

The gift of radium is to be made to Dr. Curie in recognition of her discovery and her scientific experiments, and the fact that she did not patent her process, but gave it freely.

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"The sum of the eight days," said his honor.—[Boston Transcript.]

Fashion Forecast

No. 8,906—Lady's skirt. The uneven hemline proclaims this model, No. 8,906, as being exceedingly new and fashionable. When the flounces are finished with a scalloped outline, the effect is more attractive.

The lady's skirt, No. 8,906, is cut in sizes 28 to 32 waist. Size 28 re-



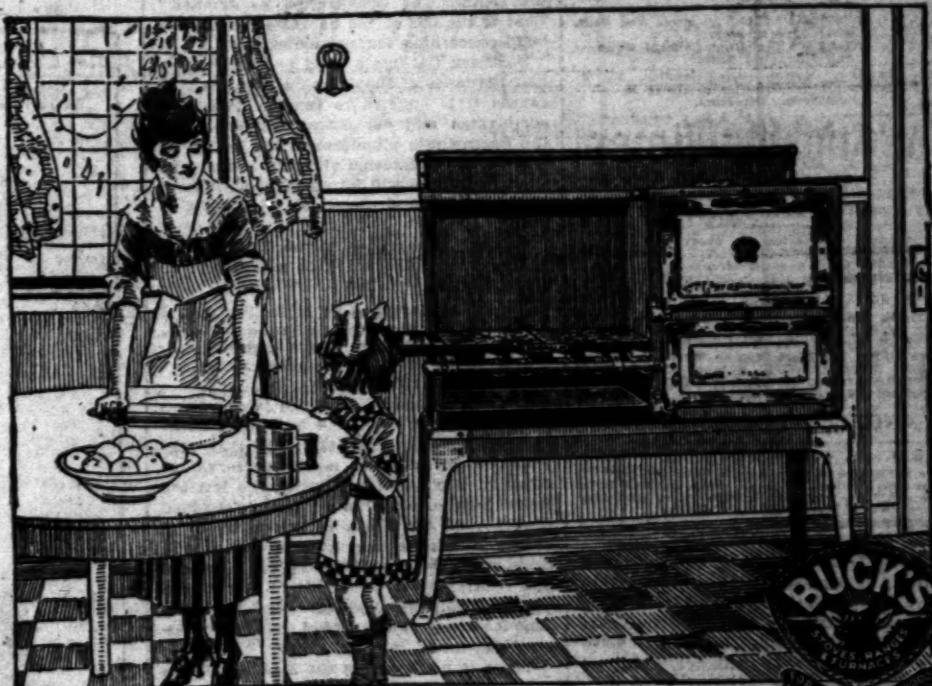
quires 2½ yards 36-inch material.

No patterns are kept in the Los Angeles office of The Times. To get patterns send the price (in money or well-wrapped coins) and the number and size of the pattern desired to this address:

FASHION DEPARTMENT,
Los Angeles Times,
230 South Wells Street,
CHICAGO, ILL.

All orders will be handled by this branch office in Chicago and in order to eliminate the delay in forwarding we have arranged to have orders sent direct to the Chicago office.

The patterns will all be special patterns made for The Times.



Buck's "The Range of No Regrets"

ECONOMICAL: its patented burners use 17% less gas than the next best burner on the market—not a claim—but a tried and tested fact.

BEAUTIFUL: modeled along symmetrical lines—black enameled Spanish; white or pearl gray enameled splashers, drip pan and broiler; nickel-trimmed.

DURABLE: made of copperized rust—not steel—with non-rusting nickelized oven lining—built for lifetime service.

INEXPENSIVE: because when you buy a "Buck's" range it means a one-store purchase—it's life is worth twice that of the average range—and just now they all carry especially low price tags at the Los Angeles Furniture Company.

We will be glad to explain our interesting plan of credit to you.

LOS ANGELES FURNITURE CO.
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720-722 South Hill Street

The Gentle Art of Contriving



Vogue would never, never, never get by without a "Vogely" new dress—new fashions, new ideas, new ways of doing things, and because her dreams.

Not Vogue contrives the limited incomes of her readers, because her charm and ingenuity are used to make the clothes she designs organic, to which the colors are gay, the patterns are peaceful-blue and on yellow-green, the bodices are wide, the skirts are long and the three-length hem-line.

And these are just two out of scores of suggestions—In the Smart Fashions Number of Vogue.

SMART FASHIONS for LIMITED INCOMES number of

VOGUE

Contriving, according to Vogue's ideas, means economizing gracefully but effectively. So Vogue has planned and shopped and selected for this Smart Fashions Number with just two ideas in mind—low price and a good value for you. It has found frocks and wraps and shoes and stockings and lingerie—and shows them all, with their prices.

Then into its pages Vogue puts its originality, its taste, its dash of the unexpected that is better than bargains in achieving the effect of crisp

smartness. The sash, the flower, the frill, the tiny touch of Paris at a tiny Paris price, the airy trifle that turns a simple garment into a chic toilette—you find them all.

And, knowing that you won't want to come out well-dressed from a shabby and charmless house, Vogue has devoted much time and thought to the house that may be just as attractive as its mistress on an equally modest sum—and photographed it in detail for this issue, with directions, plans, and addresses.

This number of Vogue is as helpful as a cheque for a thousand dollars.

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JOHN EAST, PUBLISHER ... MONA WOOLMAN CHASE, EDITOR ... ETHELWYN CAMPBELL, ART DIRECTOR

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Tos Angeles Times

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LOS ANGELES (Loco Ahang-hay-ah)

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REAL AMERICANS.

Speaking about America for Americans, the first full-blooded, native-born Indian to achieve complete citizenship in this country was recognized in a Wyoming court last Thursday. His name is Thomas Blackbird and he is a descendant of the chieftains of the Sioux tribe. His great-grandfather held dominion over a territory now comprising several sovereign States. His ancestors were here before America Vespucci or Christopher Columbus had learned to sail ships. They were the real simon-pure Americans; but until the day of this Blackbird none of those copper-hued but genuine Americans has had all the rights and privileges of full citizenship. The Indians were wards, but not citizens. Thomas Blackbird was brave enough to fight for the American flag in France and under the law may now become President of the United States if he can induce the people to vote for him.

THE UPLIFTING.

The film colony has been strengthened by the arrival of Clara Smith Hamon, who is going to show the Talmadge girls how to act. It would be fine if she had a night school so that Norma, Pauline Frederick, Clara Kimball Young and other dancing prima donnas might get a chance to pick up some of her stuff.

As an uplift for this Clara Smith party has Old Man Atlas sitting in his shirt. Of course, she has never acted upon the stage or in the films, but that doesn't make any difference. There are a lot of them before the camera who can't act, anyhow. This Clara has had the training that counts. She had a snapshot taken while she was being tried for murder. If that doesn't make a finished actress out of her, where can we see anybody's finish?

Clara will begin the purification of the world by filming the story of her adventure in assassination. She will herself be the heroine and the story will show how a girl can be born on a farm and yet get her name in the papers for shooting her lover. Possibly she may dramatize the Rollo books and Louise M. Alcott later, but she wants to get Jake Hamon out of the way first. The uplift seems to call for it.

BUILDING TANGLES.

As a return for the recognition of the principle of collective bargaining in Illinois it is proposed to require all trade unions or contractors' associations—as parties to such bargaining—to be legally incorporated and to file good and sufficient bonds with the State for the fulfillment of all contracts. A law is also proposed which would provide compulsory arbitration of any disputes arising between parties to trade agreements. There would be no cessation of work. The chief weakness of a union, as well as its greatest strength, rests in its irresponsibility. It is not incorporated and as an organization it can dissolve into thin air when any attempt is made to hold the union or its members directly responsible for any damage resulting from their acts. The graft and scandals in the building-trade unions in the East make it necessary that some responsibility be found. For the further protection of the country's building program it is proposed to make it a misdemeanor for any manufacturer, contractor or dealer to substitute or deliver material of a lower quality or standard than described in the agreement. The safest way at present is for a man to go to the lumber yard, pick out his own wood, take it away in person and build his own house. He might make a punk job of it, but he would have the satisfaction of knowing what went into it.

WELCOME STEAMERS BACK.

Men and women who travel much have an affection for various lines both on land and water. They like to use certain trains and particular steamships. Thus it comes that great machines of steel win a following among human beings. Take the steamers Yale and Harvard, for instance. When they first came out to the Pacific Coast from the Atlantic they were received with favor and won the patronage of those who like swift ocean traveling. The white flyers retained their popularity even though big vessels were obtained to compete with them, and thousands enjoyed voyaging on them between Los Angeles and San Francisco. When America was obliged to enter the World War it was inevitable that the two swift ships should be placed in the troop-carrying service. From the calm waters of the Pacific Coast they steamed to the cold, gray North Sea and the choppy channel that separates England and France. Thousands hurried to the trenches and more thousands brought back wounded from the fields of war were transported on the liners whose mission hitherto had been one of peace. Here in Los Angeles (their real home port though the harbor was still claimed on the Atlantic side) one knew only vaguely what they were doing. It was certain, however, that they were doing well. Proof of that is today afforded by the gold chevrons of honor which decorate their funnels. The war over, the Yale and Harvard returned to America and again won the pleasure given many Pacific Coast travelers when it was learned that they had been bought by a Los Angeles company. Thoroughly reconditioned, they are now about to resume their old run and will be cordially welcomed back by thousands.

NO REAPPORTIONMENT.

"No additional representation from the south. The Constitution is damned." That is the fiat of the Sacramento plumbird concerning reapportionment.

Southern California says practically equal the taxes of the State. Under the 1920 census it is entitled to ten additional Assemblymen and six extra Senators. But the Sacramento plumbird has coolly informed the Southern California representatives that there will be no reapportionment of Senatorial and Assembly districts this year.

There is a provision in the State Constitution, hitherto regarded as mandatory, directing that:

The Legislature shall, at its first session after each census, adjust such districts and reapportion the representatives so as to preserve them as near equal in population as may be.

The Constitution provides that there shall be eighty Assembly and forty Senatorial districts in the State, and that they shall be so adjusted as to preserve an equality of population. During the last ten years Southern California far outstripped the rest of the State in comparative increase of wealth and population. If the State were to be redistributed the northern and central parts of the State would lose Assemblymen and six Senators. Los Angeles county alone would gain seven Assemblymen and four Senators.

There is no disputing the meaning of the constitutional provision; but the State machine, controlled from San Francisco, has cracked its whip over the Senate. The result is that a majority of the Senators voted against considering a reapportionment bill at this time.

As long as the control of the Legislature can be kept in the north the power of the machine is likely to remain supreme. It is interesting to note that the vote in the Senate against reapportionment followed very closely that in favor of the King tax bill. The same influences which forced the passage of that bill, increasing the amount of State taxes \$20,000,000 for the coming biennium, caused a majority of the Senators to deliberately violate a plain provision of the State Constitution, for the purpose of robbing Southern California of its lawful representation in the Legislature.

One hundred and fifty years ago such procedure would have been called taxation without representation. When the Bolsheviks refused to give to the Russian people representation in the Duma we called it tyranny. There is not another instance in the history of American commonwealth in which such an injustice has been perpetrated.

One can well imagine the protest that would go up from the American people if Congress should refuse to pass a reapportionment act after a census had been taken. Yet the group of State commissioners that control the present administration has figured that it can disfranchise Southern California and get away with it, because the majority of population in the State is still in the north.

To protests from the chambers of commerce and other Southern California interests the bosses of the State machine coolly respond, "We've got the votes to block re-apportionment. What's going to do about it?"

That is a serious question for us of Southern California to consider. What are we going to do about it? The present Senate is not to be swayed by appeals to reason and justice. When a majority of its members voted for the King tax bill they knew it was legalized robbery; and if the people of the State would stand to be robbed of \$20,000,000, they figure that it will not make much of a howl about being robbed of a few Senators and Assemblymen.

In the Examiner on Saturday morning his Sacramento correspondent attempted a justification of the plunderbird in cheating Southern California. He said that reapportionment was defeated because of the attitude of Los Angeles members on a number of bills which came before the Legislature. Most important of these was the King tax bill. Southern California members are to be punished for protesting against State extravagance by denying to this section of the State the representation which the Constitution guarantees.

What are we going to do about it? We seem to be paying for the political folly of the last ten years. The Times used to point out that the old Johnson machine was openly violating the State Constitution. The Johnson henchmen would rejoice "Let 'em howl!" and the voters of Southern California, continue to support them.

If Los Angeles cannot yet possess seven additional Assemblymen this year the King tax bill never would have been adopted. If ten Assemblymen were transferred from the northern to the southern part of the State it would probably result in a drastic reduction of the State's expenses at the next session of the Legislature; for a majority of the Southern California delegation has been consistently opposed to increased State expense. It is for this reason that the plunderbird is willing to scrap the Constitution in order to prevent an increased influence from Southern California in the State Legislature. It is with favor and won the patronage of those who like swift ocean traveling.

The Times admits that we of Southern California are getting what we have deserved by reason of our political follies of the last ten years. But it is not time we resolved to deserve something better?

OUR SCHOOLS' FAIR FAME.

The schools of Los Angeles have the reputation the country over for efficiency and high moral standards. The reputation has been fairly earned and is well deserved.

The public school constitutes a peculiar and potent force for civic betterment and advancement. The value of schools of the highest type and their influence on the community have been fully recognized in

Then What?



(Indianapolis News)

Los Angeles and for many years much earnest thought and endeavor have been given not only to the efficiency but the character of the schools here by educators and citizens generally.

In view of the facts, any attack upon the schools is ill-advised, or any utterance that might be construed as an attack. It is a mistake to use the schools, an institution entitled to so great credit, as the basis for a reform crusade. No doubt the schools need reforming in some respects, as do the churches and every other institution. The millennium has not arrived yet.

Every possible helpful influence should go up from the schools' side. Let every sincere friend of the schools, of Los Angeles and of mankind join with those who have worked quiet but strenuous efforts in the public institutions of learning! Let us watch over them as the eyes of our eyes!

But to give utterance to slanders that are bound to be exaggerated by repeaters is a mistake. It is harmful rather than helpful. Whether justified by strict interpretation or not, utterances scandalizing the pupils have the effect of casting odium in some quarters on the schools generally because a few individual instances of dereliction exist among the great multitude of students.

In another column of The Times this morning are excerpts from sermons on the subject of our schools by several Los Angeles clergymen. None of them claim perfection for the schools, but all of them, in no uncertain terms, declare their belief in the high standards of the local institutions and deplore attacks upon them.

Because they appreciate the importance of the school and its function as a bulwark of the community they are jealous of its good name. Some of them, at least, are aware of the fact that from time to time in past years various evil and baseless reports concerning the schools have been circulated. Investigations by newspapers and other organizations have proved these reports to be false in every particular. True friends of the Los Angeles schools, watching vigilantly over them, lest they be smirched by false reports of evil origin, deplore even well-intended public accusations as calculated to tear down rather than build up the morale of the school system.

The earnest words of commendation for the schools of Los Angeles contained in the pulpit utterances yesterday are gratifying indeed. They are not lightly spoken, nor without knowledge of the conditions.

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GENUINE IMPROVEMENT.

Long Beach is the first of California cities to signal the reaction of popular sentiment against intensive direct legislation. No initiatory measure can be placed on the municipal ballot in that city now until it has been signed by 25 PER CENT of the qualified electors. Referendary petitions may not be circulated at all. They can be filed at the City Hall and those wishing to protest against an ordinance passed by the Council must go there to sign them. Before such a petition becomes effective it must also be signed by 25 per cent of the registered citizens.

These new charter provisions are plainly intended to limit the use of the direct legislation privilege—to prevent its being converted into a nuisance, as it now is in many California cities. While Long Beach has called down upon its head the wrath of the Direct Legislation League of California, it has given evidence of a preponderance of right-thinking citizens. Direct legislation has not been administrative reform in the State. It has tended to weaken the authority of and respect for legislative bodies; and the record of the last ten years proves pretty conclusively that it is an obstacle to good government.

Proponents of the initiative are wont to assert that the privilege will be exercised only when the State Legislature or a municipal Council refuses to enact a good law.

But experience has proved that in almost every instance the petition for which the initiative is invoked is an outburst of fanaticism. The law proposed may not be judged by any unprejudiced body, and is nearly always unjustifyable. But the strongest argument for requiring a substantial number of signatures is that it discourages those who employ paid solicitors, as was done here in the Bullock incident. When

the dukes and princesses are after our girls and now vaguely what they were doing. It was certain, however, that they were doing well. Proof of that is today afforded by the gold chevrons of honor which decorate their funnels. The war over, the Yale and Harvard returned to America and again won the pleasure given many Pacific Coast travelers when it was learned that they had been bought by a Los Angeles company. Thoroughly reconditioned, they are now about to resume their old run and will be cordially welcomed back by thousands.

Moderacy Assumed.

You never in your life knew a man who didn't say he hated newspaper notoriety and who wasn't trying to get it—[E. W. Howe's Monthly].

What Everybody Knows.

Everybody knows how to raise the neighbor's children and direct the other nation's conscience.—[Providence Journal].

It looks like a hard summer for somebody.

Safety First.

He ordered some boiled eggs and bread. Said the waiter as Bell turned his head:

"Shall I open the shell?"

"Get whiz," replied Bell.

"No, open the window instead."

—[New York University Alumnus].

A NEW BIBLE?

BY ROSE L. ELLENER.

In a recently published article H.

G. Wells submits that a new Bible is one of the greatest needs of the present times and one of the possible remedies for the disintegration now threatening civilization.

Mr. Wells' ideas are always suggestive, if nothing more. And he proceeds in this case to make an argument for a book which shall revise and complete the Bible by setting forth effectively and authoritatively the history of the universe and of mankind, brought down to date; and the results of scientific research and the accrued wisdom of men—all this as a basis and a framework for the thoughts and the imaginations of every citizen of the world"—quoting Comenius, who first suggested such an idea in the seventeenth century.

The author claims that the Bible, while it was the cohesive force or cement which built up and held together western civilization, is now a controlling influence over the people of the world in meeting the tremendous problems presented by the conditions in which we find ourselves. In order to exercise positive influence upon the minds of the generations now taking up the task of reconstruction the Christian Bible needs to be rewritten in the light of present-day scientific knowledge and of the best thought of the ages. This new Bible should follow the order of the old by giving first the order of creation and then the order of man; and should present an ordered account of universal history and its relation to the individual; a new Leviticus should deal with the laws of health, of sex relations and of morals; a sound code of law and of human relations; a code of law which would not be based on the fear of punishment but on the spirit of justice.

All of these subjects, it is pointed out by Wells, are dealt with in detail in the Bible; but the rules which amply fulfilled the needs of ancient Israel, at the beginning of the millennium, do not meet the requirements of our complicated system of governments and our multiplicity of interests, individually and collectively.

The preparation of such a book is admitted to be a tremendous task, but the Magna Charta, the King James version of the Bible, the English prayer book and the Declaration of Independence—all great and inspiring documents—were prepared by chosen men. And Mr. Wells believes that a committee of men might be appointed who should represent the best minds of the world and who could be expected to produce a document of enduring value.

Actual experience with the referendum has proved that it is almost invariably invoked against good laws instead of bad ones. When the privilege of some special group or interest is interfered with by a majority of the people \$500 to suspend its operation; and it would not be so easy for paid solicitors to get signatures under false pretenses. The same principle should apply to the initiative petitions.

Admittedly, the preparation of such a book is a task for a committee of chosen men. And Mr. Wells' suggestion that the members of the committee should be appointed who should represent the best minds of the world and who could be expected to produce a document of enduring value.

A further insight into John Burroughs' ideas on wealth is afforded in a little talk he had with a reporter who wanted to know the secret of his success.

"This book is to me the best thing in the world," he said. "I have had a great deal of trouble with it, but I have never regretted it."

"How did you get the idea?" asked the reporter.

"I have had a great deal of trouble with it, but I have never regretted it."

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For the delicious thirst and appetite that comes only outdoors
White Rock
Ginger Ale
all first class places have it
Whole Distributor:
H. Jevne Co.
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Blue Bird
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The Tone Controller

The special tone controller or volume of the Blue Bird modulates or expands the volume of the instrument at the throat of the instrument. A simple knob carries this feature of the Blue Bird.

It goes a mile a year.
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It has a delicious flavor, and better still, it satisfies



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COVINA CELEBRATES.

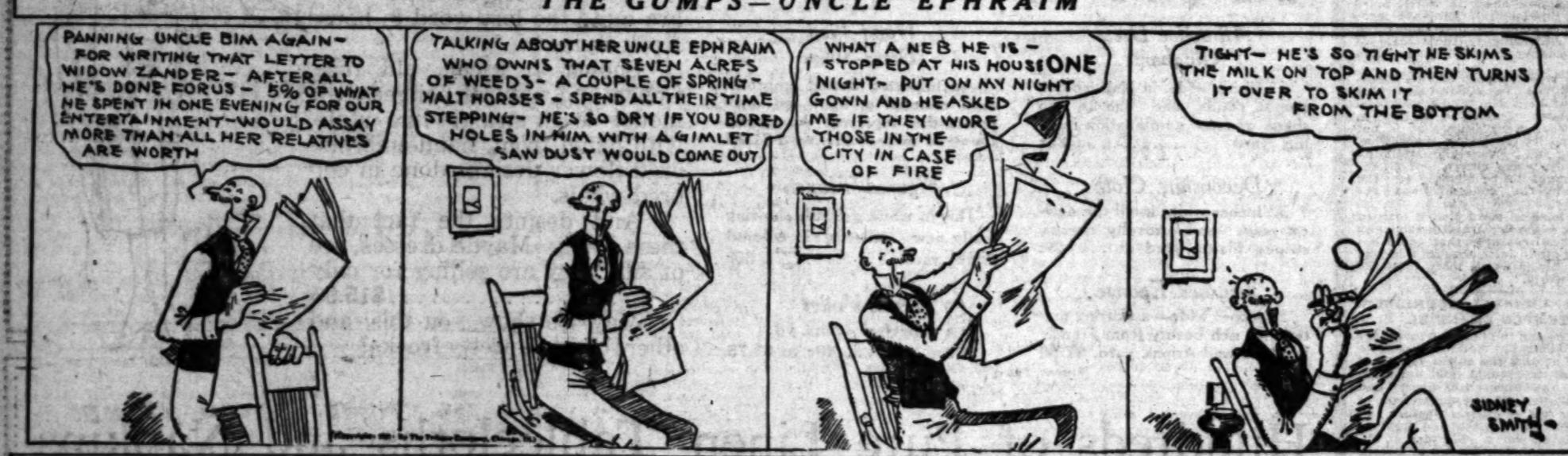
May Day Frolic Announced for Next Saturday.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE: COVINA, April 24.—Because May Day comes on Sunday, the American Legion, who is standing sponsor for Covina's celebration, announces the date for the annual picnic. An ornamental float is arranged for the morning, an "old-timers" picnic at noon and a program of sports, including track and field races and baseball, in the afternoon. In the evening boxing contests and an address by Burton Pitt, State commander of the American Legion, will complete the program.

SKULL FRACTURED IN FALL FROM TREE.

Falling out of a tree at Bay and Mateo streets yesterday afternoon Hvelmo Fernandez, 8 years, suffered a fractured skull. He was treated at the Roosevelt Hospital and later sent to the County Hospital.

THE GUMPS—UNCLE EPHRAIM



When Mutt Starts to Spoof Jeff Goes Him One Better

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High Winds Show Nearing Return to Normal, is Word.

High winds, indicative of a great change in atmospheric pressure, which is taken by the Weather Bureau to indicate an adjustment to normal, raged in Southern California Saturday night and Sunday. At San Pedro and Mt. Wilson, Saturday night, the wind reached 50 miles an hour, and yesterday it continued at twenty-six miles an hour, a record which was practically twice the normal speed.

Along with the high wind which began there Saturday, Santa Barbara county caught a soda or salt dust storm, which caused officials to express the opinion that large quantities of salty dust were carried in from the Pacific. The experimental torpedo practice will be fired on Wednesday. The exercises will continue until Friday. The experimental torpedo practice will take place next week.

Two naval cruisers, Birmingham, the cruiser Vestal and the cruiser Charlevoix, will carry cameras and radio parties, as well as the aircraft.

The combined force will assemble at the anchorage in the harbor at midnight tonight, with orders to be prepared to steam out to sea at 10 o'clock.

Rehearsals will be held to simulate an attack upon the battleships while traveling at maximum surface speed.

The two cruisers, Birmingham and the cruiser Vestal and the cruiser Charlevoix, will carry cameras and radio parties, as well as the aircraft.

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The Times

LOS ANGELES

XL.

MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 25, 1921. PART III: 4 PAGES.

POPULATION By the City Director—(1920)—THREE
By the Federal Census—(1920)—SEVEN

Today to See Opening of Exhibit of Business Equipment, Methods and Service That Serves.

Bats Out Twelve Words a Second.



William F. Oswald,
Champion typist, with cup duly inscribed to prove it.

SIT THE "Standard" ANGELES SHOWROOM

builders or purchasers of plumbing fixtures are cordially invited to utilize the facilities which room affords for the purpose of learning about fixtures.

eadly prepare, without cost, complete specimens of fixtures for you. In this way you will benefit of our knowledge and experience. Visit this Showroom if possible. Every fixture or fitting will be extended

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Telephone Broadway 6775.

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posses at the Navy Yard, Mare Island, Cal., on Monday, April 25th, 1921.

Cost of Condemned Materials will be paid by metal yard, Mare Island, Cal., on Monday, April 26th, 1921.

engines, cutters, launches, fire extinguishers, refrigerators, nautical instruments, hospital supplies, Kapok mattresses, spiritual supplies, cots, hot air furnaces, steam machines, etc.

Further information may be obtained from Board of Survey, Appraisal and Sale, Mare Island, Calif.

(Signed) F. W. Perkins, Commander (SC) Senior Member, Board of Survey, Appraisal and Sale, Mare Island, Calif.

from the Navy Yard, Mare Island, Cal., on Monday, April 25th, 1921.

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CALLS THEM GUIDE POSTS.

Expert Tells of Statistics as Business Life-savers and Ever-ready Aids.

BY E. H. TUCKER.

Economic Statistician of the First National Bank of Los Angeles and the Los Angeles Trust and Savings Bank.

Statistics are the guide posts on the road of modern business. It is only comparatively recently that American business has been faced with the problem of securing accurate and reliable statistics as the basis upon which to predicate future policies.

The reason for this is found primarily in the history of the economic life of the United States. The nineteenth century was primarily a period of exploitation of the vast natural resources which the country had so liberally endowed this country.

During this period the production of raw materials, not economic in production and distribution, was consumption, but was rather the problem of development of resources and transportation and markets for the products, because which were so liberally supplied this country.

In such a period waste was not frowned upon, because goods and commodities could be produced in what appeared to be limitless quantities at little cost and little price.

The hazards of development were small, but the reward of successful exploitation was greater. The margin between cost and selling price was relatively high. Economics were, therefore, unnecessary. The products of the country were largely the property of commerce and markets in industrial enterprises is comparatively narrow. This country is meeting the competition of the rest of the world in the development of markets and in developing new markets.

Not only this, but the World War left the United States the one great creditor nation of the world. This country is now charged with the duty of so extending its influence and power as to insure the best economic rehabilitation of the world.

In such a position statistics are vital to the maintenance of business for they point out the tendencies of markets and waste in production and the problems of distribution.

Today the world is a huge commercial country, where natural resources are to a great extent already developed. The problems of this country are no longer those of the exploitation of resources, but they are the problems of efficient production, smooth distribution and wise marketing.

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BYRON TYPEWRITER CABINET

Saves Time, Labor, Space—Helps Standardize the Whole Office.

CUTS COSTS

Also a complete line of office furniture, both new and modeled.

Western Office Furniture Company 752 S. Olive, Booth No. 1



Sim Crabill says-

"There are still a lot of fellows who can't spare time to drive by the tire shop until they've been convinced by a close and earnest association with an automobile jack and some tools away out on a lonely road!"

"Best Built" is a good trademark if it's lived up to—and Reliance Manufacturing Company make vulcanizing machinery that proves the assertion.

When they selected Times-Mirror to publish the catalogs that would carry the story and pictures of their products, they knew that if there were any way of turning out better printing we would do it.

Our big plant with its special equipment and expert workmen enable us to handle your printing in a way you will be proud of. Let one of our representatives tell you about it.

TIMES MIRROR
Printing and Binding House
118 South Broadway
Bldw. 1873

RE-ELECT OFFICERS.

Copper Ore Valued at Six Million
Reported by Kay Company

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE:
PHOENIX (Ariz.) April 22.—The Kay Copper Company has re-elected its old officers, with George W. Long as president, E. J. Tribble, vice-president, and F. C. Hobart, secretary-treasurer. Report was made that copper ore worth \$6,000,000 already has been blocked out. The main shaft is nearing 500 feet of depth, different parts of the mine being worked week, and is in a blue schist considered of very promising nature. The main exploration of the property is to be from 1000 feet of depth.

Disappointment attended the

interest of the oil field in the

outlook for deep production.

At Glendale the Petroleum Develop-

ment Company has started drilling at 4175 feet, is showing a lot

of gas and the outlook is better now than at any time since the market

dropped. The Standard Petroleum Development Company success in opening up deep production, one of the best fields in the State will be realized.

At Brea the outlook for deep produc-

tion does not improve. The Brea Canyon well, Volar No. 1, is about

4900 feet and looks like a

small producer at best. The General

Petroleum's Tonner No. 4 is drilling

at 4175 feet and is not showing up

any signs.

The Standard Oil success in getting

deep production on the famous Kremer property, which has a depth

of 4161 feet Kramer 2-8 has brought

in a 1500-barrel well. The addition

of the Kremer property to the out-

side of the Tonner property is about

15,000 barrels a day. The major

part of this production is coming

from wells drilled to 4000 feet.

Wells on the same property,

drilled to 2000 and 3000 feet in the

so-called deep sand, do not make

anything very promising.

The Standard has two test wells drill-

ing at 4700 feet. Volar No. 1, drilling

at 4175 feet, is showing a lot

of gas and the outlook is better

now than at any time since the market

dropped. The Standard's Tonner No. 1

has reached 4715 feet without hitting

anything very promising.

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Theaters—Amusements—Entertainments.

CALIFORNIA THEATER—

Main at 8th

PLAYING
The Greatest
James Oliver
Curwood
Story ever told.



KAZAN

Starring
JANE NOVAK

COSTA CONCERT ORCHESTRA, CARLI D. ELINOR

MILLER'S THEATER—

Main Near 9th

GREATEST DRAMA OF ALL THE AGES.
DEDICATED TO WOMAN—
The Mother of the World,
Yesterday, Today,
Forever.

BEHOLD THE MAN

SHOWS AT

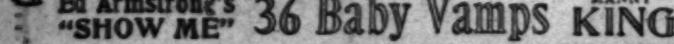
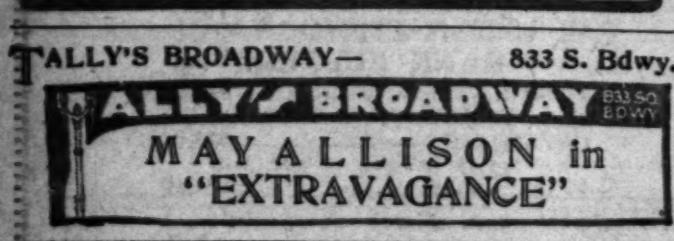
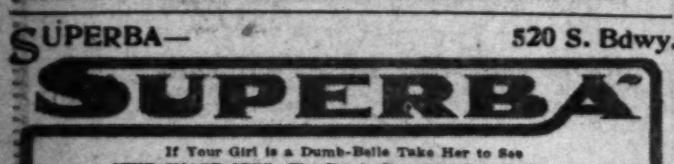
12:15, 2, 3:45, 5:30, 7:30 and 9:15.

Miller's Theatre

MATINEES ALL SEATS \$1.00; EVENINGS,
\$2.00-\$2.50. INCLUDING TAX

KINEMA THEATER—

Grand at 7th



FLASHES.

ALLISON FILM GEM.

"EXTRAVAGANCE" GLISTENS
WITH HUMAN APPEAL.

BY GRACE KINGSLY.
The w. k. bow-wows aren't going to claim the screen yet awhile! Not while such stories as Ben Ames Williams's, produced under such direction as Phil Rosen's, with such real people as May Allison and her supporting cast—in short, not while such pictures as "Extravagance," at Tally's Broadway this week, are shown.

The mills of the pictures rods do grind our good stock slowly, but once in a blue moon they do grind exceedingly fine.

There's not a train wreck, an auto smash, nor a chest-burst in the whole film, yet you will wait breathlessly for the finish, because the problems of the characters are your problems, too. The story told in such excellent continuity and with such convincing acting that it seems as if those shadows could leap out of the frame and shake hands with you.

The theme is one of social life, and concerns the extravagant wife of a young lawyer. But the plot of duds by a great long way. Miss Allison makes a real girl of the woman who plays trivoli—spending, loving, spoiling, quarreling, moments of contrition and thoughtfulness, and at the last, as her husband has been brought to the point of giving up his wheeling ways when she wants pretty clothes, developing into what she was meant to be.

There's a delightfully humorous touch at the last, when, seated on a stool at her husband's feet, contentedly watching the girl seen the frayed edge of his trousers, looks up and exclaims: "You must have a new suit, dearie. You can have it when you like." And her husband looks she amends, "You can have it mended, I mean."

Theodore von Ertz is a young actor who has had some parts well done. The photography, too, is pleasing, especially in that scene, a very striking and original shot, by which the camera follows revelers on the beach at night decide to hop into the ocean in their evening clothes.

There's a beautiful shot of the interior of Miss Allison's own home, introduced into the house when her husband to buy.

"KAZAN" GRIPPING

AT CALIFORNIA.

It seems as if you could hear the roar of the wind, the snarling and snapping of the dogs, the brawls and brawls, the dances, all in "Kazan," the latest of the James Curwood stories to be wound off the reel by the Selig folk, which are on now at the California. That dog playing Kazan—oh, but he can't read his notices or hear the applause that's zipped out by the audience of small boys sitting besides me yesterday, and each other in excitement whenever he showed up to nail the villain meanwhile hissing "Boo him, Kazan!"

Very wisely the dog was chosen for "Kazan," too, because he had dark hair and one bright eye, which made him distinctly different from the other dogs at all times. And I don't know when we've had a greater, more genuine thrill than when the villainous wolf, in the scene softened by being shown in silhouette inside a lighted tent, attacks the poor dog, and the actor, for mentioning the dog first, is sent to the result is an artistic completeness.

The comedy on the bill, "The Gilded Lily," is a picture which the skipper, in reality a street car driver, is uproariously funny, and it unrelents into many new kinds on the distant horizon.

There's a good deal of action here that they must needs go back to musty archives to supply the demand for religious pictures, why not make a picture of quite another moment? There is more value in travestizing virtue, than there is in popularizing vice.

THE GILDED LILY

GLITTERS AT RIALTO.

If New York were all that the movies would have it, what a place it would be! Page Babylon, Nineveh and ancient Gomorrah, and they reach out to the stars in distance in a show of splendor.

I wonder what the poor book in Timbuctoo thinks New York looks like, anyway—if my eyes think like mine, it won't be much. He can't miss a point a little when he sees all the glitz and glamour and fiddle-dee-dee that is foisted on the screen in such pictures as "The Gilded Lily," which is showing this week at Grauman's Rialto.

Of course, you have to admit that the bright-lights section has its possibilities, and the checkered career story as that Mae Murray starring picture. But then, all New York means, and especially Miss Murray's, is not for me. She hasn't got it, and she doesn't care to have it, either.

But "Kazan," on the other hand, is not poor. It is very lively, breathing, and interesting.

Marvelously beautiful is the photography, of the scenes in the northern country—worth, indeed, the price of admission.

And I wonder, too, how much of the enthralling charm of the production is due to the wizardry of Carl Elkins' skillfully selected and reproduced scenes.

The cast is excellent. Is Ben De

Shelton becoming another William S. Hart? He shows much strength and command of expression. With Mary Ryan, Ben Haggerty, Eddie Wallach, and the others are convincingly directed.

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Maurice Tourneur's Great American Classic,

"The Last of the Mohicans"

MACK SENNETT—BEN TURPIN COMEDY

"SHE SIGHED BY THE SEASIDE"

Dr. Carlos De Madrid—Conducting Mission Concert Orchestra

NEW SYMPHONY THEATER—

Bdwy. at 6th

A 3RD WEEK OF

Maurice Tourneur's Great American Classic,

"The Last of the Mohicans"

MACK SENNETT—BEN TURPIN COMEDY

"SHE SIGHED BY THE SEASIDE"

Mr. and Mrs. Holubar are on the way West.

"Mamma's Affair" at Garrick.

"Mamma's Affair," with Constance Talmadge, opened at the Garrick yesterday.

She has so as to extract

every ounce of humor from the situations. "Mamma's Affair" proves itself highly entertaining. Adapted from the famous Harvard University prize play, it has developed new possibilities of humor.

The story moves swiftly, even though the plot takes sudden twists and turns, which are the delight of the spectators as to its final solution.

Connie has a terrific time trying to get out of a difficult situation which her mother has arranged so that she may keep her daughter under her supervision always. Kenneth Harlan is in the support.

With Franklin Adell, another Oscar winner, and a host of other stars recently which is being offered the publishers. The title is "Big Blue Eyes." The company announced her present address with Irving Berlin is to be abruptly terminated so he can go into business for himself.

REVIEWS.

ALLISON FILM GEM.

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Very wisely the dog was chosen for "Kazan," too, because he had dark hair and one bright eye, which made him distinctly different from the other dogs at all times. And I don't know when we've had a greater, more genuine thrill than when the villainous wolf, in the scene softened by being shown in silhouette inside a lighted tent, attacks the poor dog, and the actor, for mentioning the dog first, is sent to the result is an artistic completeness.

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Amusements—Entertainments
THE BEST IN VAUDEVILLEINTS WIRES
TO CATCH 'EM.System is Sought
Chief Pendegast.on Central Station
also Requested.Ways and Means
Committee.

The Police Department's budget estimate to the Committee of the Council on Police Pendegast.

is designed to connect stations with one another. The chief benefit will be the use of accurate communication between stations and keep head-quarters informed of what is in the entire department.

and has been working in shifts to meet the demand for police services.

is to be made available to the public.

Local Police Companies in their long

and short distances with the Police Department.

that officers may have

in all towns up and down the Coast.

Pendegast says San Fran-

cisco is to install a similar system,

for Los Angeles.

part of the Chief's plans

as an addition to the

of wiremen stations on

the Central Station. This

the local police, he

and ships at sea. Infor-

mation will lead to the speedy

of fugitive criminals.

Police Department must

to give adequate pro-

tection to the citizens," declared

it is of

important outside of the

of increased force, and

to a great extent."

Councilman Delaney, who was

by the Councilmen to fill the

unexpired term of the late A. P.

Council on the platform which

development and business methods in

the Second District. Mr. Delaney offered

to the Board of Supervisors from the

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Los Angeles Daily Times

APRIL 25, 1921.—MONDAY MORNING

The Broadway Department Store Closes at One o'Clock Every Saturday in the Year
 We invite you to visit our attractive Eighth Floor Music Auditorium Salesroom, and to share in the
 Underpricings Now Being Featured on

PIANOS AND PHONOGRAPHS

In an Unusual Offering Which We Plan to Make a Semi-Annual Event

Columbia Grafonolas

Prices Are Now, Regularly,
 10% to 35% Lower
 Than Those
 Asked in 1920

Al Jolson

the exclusive
 Columbia artist,
 will appear
 in

"Sinbad"
 to be presented
 at the
 Philharmonic
 Auditorium
 beginning
 tonight.



Al Jolson
Records

May be
 Purchased
 at
 standard prices
 in our
 well-stocked
 Record
 Department.

All Pianos and Phonographs

May Be Purchased

On Our Liberal Payment Plan

Which Provides for a Fair Initial Payment,
 and Easy Monthly Installments.

REMEMBER! This Sale Will Continue But a Limited Length of Time!
 SELECT NOW! While There is a Wide Range of Choice.

Music Auditorium Salesroom
 —Eighth Floor—

The Broadway Department Store
 BROADWAY, FOURTH AND HILL
 ARTHUR LETTS, PRESIDENT

Pianos and Player Pianos

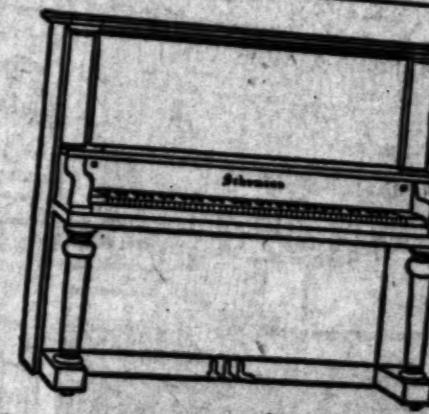
A Reproducing
 Player Piano
 of
 Beautiful
 Appearance
 and Wonderfully
 Sweet Tone.



Combining
 the Beauty
 and Elegance
 of a Grand,
 with the
 Ever-Readiness
 of a Player.

The A. B. Chase Reproducing Grand Piano

A Piano
 That is
 Guaranteed
 to Be Found
 Satisfactory.



Attractive
 in Appearance,
 of Beautiful
 Tone, and
 Moderately Priced.

Schumann Upright

180.
 Kohler
 and
 Campbell
 Pianos



Were Sold
 to the
 Los Angeles
 Schools
 in 1919.

Kohler and Campbell Grand

Music Auditorium Salesroom
 —Eighth Floor—



Twenty fitted Trunks
 ranging from \$5.00 to
 Twenty-five Suit
 with reductions ranging
 from \$5.00 to \$25.00
 Twenty N.V.P.
 Trunks from \$5.00 to \$25.00
 Twenty-five fitted
 Trunks from \$5.00 to
 Twenty-five fitted
 Trunks from \$5.00 to \$25.00



A lot of Manicure
 Folds and Purses
 Spring is here—to
 sell while we are seiz
 ing stock and increas
 ing window displays ins
 tigation of good values in
 vestigate.



Year

APHS
and
anos

*Combining
the Beauty,
and Elegance
of a Grand,
with the
Ever-Readiness
of a Player.*

**SEPULCHER
OF PIONEERS.**

*P. Temple Memorial is
blessed by Bishop.*

*Sixty Services Held on
Easter Sunday at
Santa Puentes Ranch.*

*Services of Noted Families at
Rest in Chapel.*

Mrs. Rose L. Ellerbe.

Another afternoon Bishop Cantwell performed the ceremony of blessing the memorial mausoleum completed by Walter P. on the historic graveyard on the hillside ranch. With the bell of the church, the bishop and assisted by Father Stevens, and many others from neighboring towns, a ceremony more impressive than the consecration of this holy ground in adobe chapel, erected in William Workman's time, was performed.

Father Stevens presided. Here for the service were Bishop Temple and Rowland with their many Indian relatives.

Given special classification as a pet, a highbrow Anglo-Norman nanny goat joined a coterie of Persian cats, Alendale dogs and Hart's mountain canaries on the Chicago Limited yesterday when it left here at 4 p.m. eastbound as a passenger 48 June.

The goat was purchased recently by Charles A. Stevens, a department store owner of Chicago, while he was staying at the Raymond Hotel.

He returned to the Windy City, he arranged with a Santa Fe management to have the goat on its outward journey.

Mr. Stevens owns a big farm not far from Chicago and is stocking it with thoroughbred goats from Southern California. He secured his first-class passenger from Mrs. Edna M. Mason or Covina.

Reconstructed and visualized for the future—a service which can only be performed by those who know and love the old days, and the old ways, and what will through their love save the fast-vanishing relics now left to us.

INDEPENDENCE FIESTA

Celebration of Cinco de Mayo Will be Held Next Sunday.

Cinco de Mayo, chief among Mexico's independence days, will be celebrated next Sunday at Selig's Zoo Park with a festa, in which thousands of Mexican residents of Los Angeles county are expected to participate. The celebration will be held under the auspices of the Hispano-American Society.

John S. McGrory will speak on Spanish influences in California, Dr. J. S. Seens, Cuban consul, will deliver an address, and Bishop Mayor Snyder will be one of the guests of honor. He will make a talk.

A free barbecue, prepared under the direction of Jose Romero, will be

given.

The celebration of Cinco de Mayo (fifth of May) commemorates the victory in 1862 of Mexican forces over French troops. The French army of occupation commanded by Maximilian of Austria.

In the Spring

The progressive merchant's fancy turns to thoughts of increased business—merchandise reductions and more cash on hand. We have decided to add a few doses of Spring tonic into our business and reduce our stock of merchandise some fifteen to twenty thousand dollars.

There is one way to do this quickly and that way is to offer special inducements in regard to prices for reliable goods. This overstock of goods will be offered at prices so low that none should question them. We own the goods in our shop and being under obligations to nobody we can do as we wish in regard to prices, without having to get permission from any creditors.

In other words, we are as a free lance and now



are obsessed with a desire to reduce our stock and increase our bank account sufficient to pay cash for purchases later on. We like to sell goods and we buy goods. Both are necessary for a successful business. We buy for cash and have the pick of the best factories, which means the best for the lowest prices. Our business has increased year by year until now we are one of Los Angeles' recognized institutions with favorable reputation. You are not doing yourself justice unless you investigate our shop when in need of luggage.

Here is a little Spring tonic to increase our already good business.

Sixty fitted Suit Cases and Overnight Cases—with reductions ranging from \$5.00 to \$55.00 each.

Twenty fitted Traveling Bags with reductions from \$5.00 to \$25.00 each.

Seventy-five Suit Cases and Traveling Bags—with reductions ranging from \$3.50 to \$25.00 each.

Twenty N.V.P. Wardrobe and Regulation Cases from \$5.00 to \$25.00 less than regular prices.

Twenty-five fitted dressing sets with reductions from \$5.00 to \$20.00 each.

Two hundred Ladies' Hand Bags with reductions ranging from \$1.00 to \$15.00 each.

Twenty Vanity Boxes for girls reduced to \$2.50 each.

Twenty-five Vanity Boxes for \$5.00 each; sells regularly from \$10 to \$12.50 apiece.

One dozen Vanity Boxes for \$7.50 each, regularly \$15.00 to \$20.00.

A lot of Manicure Sets, Brush Sets, Collar Bags, Folds and Purses at pronounced reductions.

Spring is here—tune up your luggage requirements while we are seized with the notion of reducing stock and increasing our good business. Our windows are small and display a mere suggestion of good values inside store. Come in and in-

**INDESTRUCTO**

LUGGAGE SHOP
224 West Fifth St.
Near Broadway

**HIGH PRAISE
FOR SCHOOLS.**

Clergymen Strongly Command Teachers and Pupils.

Deplore Public Accusations Against Them.

Place Them in Front Rank in Morality Soundness.

The avocado industry of California, just now entering upon commercial importance, will be represented at the California Valencia Orange Show at Anaheim, May 17 to 28, with the largest and most comprehensive avocado exhibit ever staged, it was stated yesterday by Manager Malcom A. Fraser. The above dates are ideal for showing avocados at their best. Growers may and should expect to show all the varieties, and especially the newer ones developed in Los Angeles and Orange counties.

All the work for big feature exhibits will be done by the Citrus Distributors of Redlands, Anaheim, Orange and Lemon Association (Sunset), American Fruit Growers, Pacific Citrus Fruit Association (Exchange), and Stewart Fruit Company of Califont and Stewart.

The big tent, requiring seven trucks and four trailers to transport, is ready to be erected in time for all exhibitors to display their products.

A feature of the main citrus department will be a series of eight exhibits showing the growth and development of citrus culture in miniature, from the setting out of trees to the harvesting and packing.

WILLING TO SERVE.

Long Beach Citizens Prepare for Coming Election.

[EXCERPT FROM THE DAILY NEWS]

LONG BEACH, April 24.—Political aspirants under the city manager plan to go into effect here July 5 are commanding to cast their primaries at the polls.

W. M. Farnum, Public Safety Commissioner, announced yesterday that he will be a candidate for the city council at the election.

Police Judge Carl V. Hawkins has announced that he will be a candidate for election.

Chief D. Wallace has declared he

will enter the race for Police Judge.

Miss Myrtle T. Gundersen, City Auditor, will be a candidate herself.

HAWTHORNE BOND ELECTION.

The Hawthorne Grammar School District will hold a special bond election May 17 to raise \$10,000 to bond a proposed issue of \$20,000 bonds to complete the Hawthorne grammar school building.

It will provide for four additional classrooms, basement and equipment.

**DR. BRUCE BROWN.
THE WHITE TEMPLE.**

The best of human institutions are only human institutions at best. Our public schools are the highest product of the struggle for freedom. Our hope of the future rests in them. The makers of America have largely been shaped by our schools.

The home, the government, the church, the public schools and teachers of our schools are great and sacred institutions, and should not be thoughtlessly tampered with.

People go wrong in all of them but they go wrong in spite of them and not because of them. It would be folly to desire to tamper with them because there are bad citizens in them when it is exerting every effort to make them better.

In every attack on the public schools there is always the implication, though not often openly expressed, that the schools and the teachers are to blame. But whenever failures may be found in the pupils, this is arrant nonsense.

When pupils are brought to bear upon them outside the schools. In our schools and teachers we have one of our greatest forces to educate young people from the thousands of hands that are reaching up to drag them down. If any poisonous plants are found it is always safe to say that the seed came from outside the school. If we did not have our public school system the young people would be exposed to many temptations from which they are now protected.

It is a credit to the teachers and the schools of Los Angeles. They have a great task and must meet unspeakable evil influences. They should have our praise, not carpings, criticism and our support in the great and good work that they are doing.

**REV. E. B. BACKUS.
FIRST UNITARIAN CHURCH.**

The public school is the bulwark of our democracy. I am very jealous of its good name, and represent, as does every clean-minded man and woman, the grossly unjust charge that the schools are Godless and godless places of immorality.

They are not perfect because they are human; now and again there is a moral slip among the young people, but the school is more to be held responsible than the homes from which the boys and girls come, and the churches to which they belong. The public schools are the most potent moral agency, outside of the homes, in our civilization.

These are fundamental in our schools and the schools of Los Angeles. They have a great task and must meet unspeakable evil influences. They should have our praise, not carpings, criticism and our support in the great and good work that they are doing.

**REV. ROBERT J. COYNE.
VERNON AVE. METHODIST.**

Three things, says Goethe, are essential to the well-being of youth:

the first is reverence for what is above us. The second is reverence for what is around us. The third is reverence for what is beneath us.

These are fundamental in our American system of public education and compose the groundwork upon which is built the idealism with which we live.

These are the ideals which will long endure. Upon these is founded the basic requirement called truth.

"Now unfortunately it is, therefore, when we have these three ideals that the public school fails to meet them. It fails to do its duty to the children. Its enemies rejoice, even though the charges be unsupported by the simplest form of evidence."

**REV. E. F. DOUGHERTY.
FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH.**

"A grosser injustice than wholesale charges of defamatory type against schools, churches or communities could hardly be conceived,"

"yet such charges are

frequently made.

Such charges are

usually based on

erroneous information.

Such charges are

usually based on

NEWS ITEM
Local Dispatch states Pacific
Oil Co. is now the second
largest producer of Califor-
nia crude oil.

**United Securities
Bought—Sold—Quoted**
Our facilities for handling securities are un-
der the direction of our service the best.
If you have or sell an interest in stocks
or bonds, it is a good idea to use
the Securities Department usually finds its
clients a good market.

**Private Wire Service With San
Francisco, New York and Other
Markets**
For quotations call 60151, Station 7,
"Prompt and Efficient Service."

A. W. COOTE

Chicago Board of Trade
Anglo-American Exchange
614 South Spring Street
Phone Broadway 5117
Branches: 5115 Wilshire Blvd., First St., Long
Beach, Cal.

**Foreign
Government Bonds**
GREAT BRITAIN
FRANCE
BELGIUM
CANADA
ARGENTINA
MEXICO
Today you can purchase government
bonds of these countries at discounts
from 12% to 30%. By in-
vesting in these Government Bonds you not only secure a present income, but also a future income which will serve as exchange returns to
normal.

Details on Request.
Pittsburgh Trust Company
Government Bonds

Rewards, Path Company
Established 1910
INTERESTED IN ALL TRADES
Members L. A. Stock Exchange
510 Security Bldg., Los Angeles
Telephone 600-64

**L. A. Gas &
Elect. Pfd.
Yields 7.06%**

This strong Security now
listed on the Los Angeles
Stock Exchange backed by
large and growing assets,
constitutes an attractive
investment offering.

Present Price \$5

Jno. O. Knight & Co.
Stocks—Bonds
411-414 Van Nuys Bldg.
Members
Los Angeles
Stock Exchange
Telephone 16254

**ARONSON &
COMPANY**

Members Los Angeles Stock Exchange
Listed and unlisted bonds
and stocks bought, sold
and quoted.

**Specialize in Standard
Oil Securities**

Herman W. Hellman Bldg.
Los Angeles, Cal.
Phone Broadway 5750

8%
**FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD
NOTES OF
WILLIAM STROVER**

These notes are an absolute first
mortgage on highly improved Los
Angeles real estate, having tax
earning power, and when delivered
to you, will be called a legal
investment for California Sav-
ings Banks, Insurance Companies,
California personal property tax and
the normal income tax is paid at the
time of maturity.

Los Angeles Trust
Title Co. of America
Price to Net 5%.

Robert Marsh & Co., Inc.
Investment Securities
201 Spring Street, Suite 1000
Cor. 5th Main and Spring Sts.
Price 100%.

**PARAMOUNT OIL
CORPORATION**
Huntington Beach
10c 10c 10c 10c

**SEEK FOR FREE
HUNTINGTON BEACH MAP.**

Please send me Free Map and
full information regarding Paramount
Oil Corporation.

Name _____
Address _____
Times _____

Paramount Oil Corporation
411-15 New L. A. Stock Exchange Bldg.
600 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

20% CASH
and 10 small monthly payments begin
with the first payment due April 1st
of next. Write for new booklet
"Building a Future Fortune," a practical
handbook for all who want to know
more about the business of mining.
LEONARD & COMPANY
427 Citizens National Bank
Los Angeles, Cal.
Phone Broadway 1556.

GOODS (Nav.) April 8.
I am sending you four samples
tagged and numbered. Could you
please tell me what they are, and
if any of them are of value? They
come from the unorganized mining
district in Clark county, Nevada.
There is a great hill of it.

P. The samples represent mate-
rial that might be useful in the
low-grade cement industry. No. 1

Carbamate and Silicate.

GOODS (Nav.) April 8.

I am sending you four samples
tagged and numbered. Could you
please tell me what they are, and
if any of them are of value? They
come from the unorganized mining
district in Clark county, Nevada.
There is a great hill of it.

P. The samples represent mate-
rial that might be useful in the
low-grade cement industry. No. 1

Financial, Business, Mining and Oil News

RARE MINERALS, METALLURGY, CHEMISTRY.

You are kindly requested to submit
samples carefully wrapped and tagged,
with letter and address. Samples
are desired. Make sample of small
size. There is no necessity for big chunks.
Correspondence of all kinds, with
card, or scrap of paper, intended
for the editor, is to be sent to J. E. Jones,
for instance, with full identification
of samples, will, hereafter, receive no atten-
tion whatever.

Silicates and Oxides.
NIRLAND, April 7.—Q.: We are
sending you under separate cover five
samples of rock. We are quite
anxious about the white stuff; it is
found in the dry deserts just
below the surface and is always damp
when found. The other rocks were
found in the hills. Please advise.

A. The white stuff is granular
silica chiefly with traces of sodium
sulfate (glauberite). The speci-
mens acts somewhat like feldspar
but is not so hard. The question
is the order of the sample might
answer for low-grade tripoli (silica
powder). It contains no dia-
monds, however. No. 1 is
high-grade hematite, probably
one variety of hematite (manganese
iron). No. 3 is a mixture of iron
oxides with some chromite. The
remaining hematite, in
other words, is iron oxide.
The powdered mineral would have to be
washed and floated, however, to be
of paint value.

Interesting Samples.
LOS ANGELES, April 7.—Q.: I
have two which I would like to have
analyzed. No. 1 is concentrates which have
become solidified by being dried out.
No. 2 is a mixture of iron
oxide with twenty percent
chromite. The samples are from
the Chuckwalla Mountains, Riverside
county. Thank you.

E. G. The concentrates
of iron oxides, including magnetite; a
good per cent of rank sulphates are
present; chiefly almandite pyrite;
zinc and arsenic detected. The ledges
sample shows quartz, cerusite (lead
carbonate); galena (lead sulphide)
and some Bournonite (lead
sulphide). Dolomite in the mass. Vanadium
traces in the rock. Uranium not
present. It is very doubtful that the
specimen found in ledge is represented
by the sample.

Three Samples.
EL CENTRO, April 8.—Q.: I
am inclosing in a package three
samples of rock. I would be glad
to have them analyzed. Sample No. 1
is from a different locality than
sample No. 2, and are, apparently,
from the same ledge but at
some distance apart.

MRS. L. M. Sample No. 1 is
a so-called kidney or Goethite. It is
a fine lime carbonate with a few
crystals of gypsum, and albite
and feldspar. No. 2 is a mix-
ture of silicates and with some
albite (soda feldspar) and actino-
lite present.

Two Samples.

PRESCOTT (Ariz.) April 8.—Q.:
I am sending you samples of ore
which are very strange to me. I
have never seen anything like them
since 1878, and I never met this
kind of ore before in any mining
district of the United States. An old
prospector received a sample
from his son in Swansea, Wales, and told
him to look out for ore like
this because the ore is very
valuable. A good small rock
sample and now find that I have
discovered the same ore in Arizona.

Knows What It Means.

Caller: Do you mean to say, Bob-
by, that you understand French?
Bobby: Yes. I do for when pa
told me talk if he dropped in.
He was in the stock market
"when he was one of the fellas
they were both after." [Boston Transcript]

The Goat.

"Were you a bull or a bear when
you were in the stock market?"
"When he was one of the fellas
they were both after."

Denomination \$1000

Dated April 1, 1921

Due serially as shown below

Denomination \$1000

**Semi-Annual interest payable April 1st and October 1st, at the office
of the Los Angeles County Treasurer.**

**Legal investment for Savings Banks, Insurance Companies
and Trust Funds in California**

Tax exempt in California

Free from all Federal Income Taxes

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed valuation (1920) \$1,348,185

Bonded indebtedness (this issue only) 67,000

Population approximately 3000.

The La Verne City School District, covering an area of 4.2 square miles, is located just south of the foothill boulevard in the heart of a rich citrus section, near the eastern boundary of Los Angeles County about thirty miles distant from Los Angeles proper. The City of La Verne (formerly Lordsburg) lies wholly within the district and is served with transportation facilities by the main line of the Atchison Topeka and Santa Fe Railway, as well as by the Pacific Electric Railway. This issue represents the only bonded indebtedness of the school district.

MATURITIES & PRICES

Amount Maturity Price Yield Amount Maturity Price Yield

\$1000 April 1, 1922 100.24 5.75 \$4000 April 1, 1933 104.35 5.50

1000 April 1, 1923 100.47 5.75 4000 April 1, 1934 104.60 5.50

1000 April 1, 1924 100.68 5.75 4000 April 1, 1935 104.84 5.50

1000 April 1, 1925 100.88 5.75 4000 April 1, 1936 105.06 5.50

1000 April 1, 1926 101.07 5.75 4000 April 1, 1937 105.28 5.50

2000 April 1, 1927 102.01 5.60 4000 April 1, 1938 105.48 5.50

2000 April 1, 1928 102.29 5.60 4000 April 1, 1939 105.67 5.50

2000 April 1, 1929 102.55 5.60 4000 April 1, 1940 107.07 5.40

2000 April 1, 1930 102.80 5.60 4000 April 1, 1941 107.28 5.40

3000 April 1, 1931 103.81 5.50 4000 April 1, 1942 107.48 5.40

3000 April 1, 1932 104.09 5.50 4000 April 1, 1943 107.67 5.40

\$4000 April 1, 1944 107.85 5.40

Legality to be approved by Messrs. O'Melveny, Milliken & Tuller.

Financial, Business, Mining and Oil News

NEVADA SILVER SENSATION

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

PIOMO (Nev.) April 24.—The
new camp of Silverhorn, twenty-two
miles north of Eureka, seven miles
south of Elko, and five miles from
Jackrabbit Spring on the railroad,
is proving to be the silver mining
sensation of recent years. One dis-
covery follows another in rapid
succession, with the known vein min-
erals being extended almost

Colemanite.
LAS VEGAS, April 9.—Q.: Kindly
advise what the enclosed sample
represents. It is a piece of
corundum, with a thin skin of
silver, and is mounted on
card, or scrap of paper, intended
for the editor.

M. D. The sample is high-grade
colemanite, one of the hydro-
genous borates of calcium, and a valuable
source of borax.

Iron Peroxide.

LOS ANGELES, April 3.—Q.: Please
tell me what the sample is?

V. A. The sample carries some of
the bright red variety of iron per-
oxide (chemically known as iron
peroxide) suitable for uses in
the paint industry. The remaining hematite,
in other words, is iron oxide.

A. The sample is high-grade
colemanite, one of the hydro-
genous borates of calcium, and a valuable
source of borax.

SMALL BLOCKS.

Anothe evidence of the unusual
mining activity is the fact that
miners are taking, and anxious to
get on as small blocks as 100
feet square. Victor Huson has
been at work on a large tonnage
of silver ore assaying 175 ounces
silver to the ton, and at once started
sacking for shipment.

PROMINENT MEN.

The number of engineers of note
who have already come to Silver-
horn is remarkable. They come
from all over the country, and
from all over the world, and as
far west as London and as far
east as Tokyo.

GENERAL TESTIMONY.

EL CENTRO, April 8.—Q. I
have two which I would like to have
analyzed. Sample No. 1 is asbestos
actinolite and of doubtful
commercial value. No. 2 is
containing some aluminum silicate; it
is chiefly talc, however, however,
there is some earth abounding in
silicates; No. 2 is hornblende; marked sample A.
Specimen B is actinolite. C is
impure talc. D is mica schist.
E is talc, talc schist, hornblende
and some quartz. F is a mixture
of talc and hornblende. G is
a mixture of talc and talc schist.
H is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
I is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
J is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
K is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
L is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
M is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
N is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
O is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
P is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
Q is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
R is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
S is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
T is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
U is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
V is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
W is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
X is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
Y is a mixture of talc and talc schist.
Z is a mixture of talc and talc schist.

W. There is a vast difference
between the two samples sent to The
Times. One of them is 7 in. in the
scale of hardness and from a very
hard rock. The other is from a
soft rock. The sample from the
hard rock carries some pyroxene
and feldspar, and is easily
broken up, or waiting for lumber
the supply of which is quickly
exhausted, and a daily with forty
comers, mostly from Elko. A
telephone line is to be put in at once
and a post office established. Soon
there will be nothing lacking to fa-
cilitate the big mining activity
that is inevitable.

COULD BE USEFUL.

EL CENTRO, April 8.—Q. I
have two which I would like to have<br

Booklet

book frequently," says a teacher of nomics.

Here are the subjects treated:

- Functions of an Investment House.
- Difference between Investment and Speculation.
- Judging Corporation Securities.
- The Features of the Ideal Investment.
- Bonds Described and Defined.
- Yield Described and Defined.
- Investment Features of Bonds.
- General Classes of Bonds.
- Capital.
- Stocks Described and Defined.
- Definition of Financial Terms and Phrases.

We now have a limited number of copies of this booklet, for free distribution, will gladly send you one, upon written telephone request. In receiving you copy you will in no way place yourself under obligation to us. Ask for "Principles of Investment."

TER & CO.

Bldg., Los Angeles
ing Streets
way 327
Hollywood Blvd. 604 First National Bank
CISCO PORTLAND NEW YORK

PALS

Maturity	Price	Interest
1-1-26-28	6.50	6.5%
7-1-36-39	6.50	6.5%
11-1-41	5.25	5.25%
7-1-34	6.00	6.00%
7-1-38	6.00	6.00%
7-1-36-51	6.00	6.00%
4-1-22-61	6.00	5.50%

ATIONS

2-15-31	99.25	7.10
4-1-24-30	100	7.50
4-1-23-25	7.00	7.00
5-1-41	99	8.18
2-1-36	100	8.00
3-1-26	98.25	7.40
3-1-31	98	8.30
12-1-40	99	7.10
3-1-25	97.72	7.60
3-1-51	97.50	7.20
12-1-30	100	8.00
3-1-51	97	7.25
2-1-23-29	100	8.00

LISTED STOCKS

J. C. BURCH & CO.

OUTLOOK BRIGHT IN KERN FIELDS.

County Shows Over Half of Drilling for Week.

Midway Scene of Extensive Exploring Operations.

Standard Extending Work in Elk Hills District.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT]

BAKERFIELD, April 22.—Of the twenty-three new oil wells started in California during the last week, twelve are being bored in Kern County and prospects are good for a continued development of the fields

here due, in a measure, to the opening up of new territory.

The situation in the Kern field has turned suddenly to the proved fields of the Midway, where there is yet considerable undeveloped land now available.

The Standard Oil Company is one of the concerns making great progress in this district. Its No. 3 well on Section 10, 14 miles northeast of Bakersfield, Kirtz, came in a few days ago with a production estimated at 200 barrels of high-gravity oil daily and is being informally known as "Machine Man" this name being given to the part of the Huntington Ranch and dry washes and "Machine Man" this name being given to the part of the Huntington Ranch and dry washes and

so forth. The company has spent approximately \$100,000 in development work, while a big program of exploration is still in progress.

The company has just called for bids for the construction of twenty skeleton derricks on the Kern River, which will add to the oil production from the property. Three wells have been drilled and three are producing, while No. 4 is down about 350 feet.

The General Petroleum Corporation has begun drilling operations on its new lease in the Midway. The Associated Oil Company is redrilling one of its wells on Section 26, 11-22, E. 1st Street, Bakersfield, and No. 2 well on Section 25, 22-23. The Chamber-Cansfeld Midway Oil Company is working over its No. 2 well on Section 25, 22-23 and Angus J. Crude Oil Company is redrilling two wells on Section 22, 21-22.

In the Elk Hills the Standard Oil Company has started a well further north, out of the beaten path, and has started No. 1 well on Section 16, 22-23 as well as starting two more wells in the same section.

On Wheeler's Ridge over Rosedale, thirty miles south of Bakersfield, the Standard Oil Company and the Kern County Land Company on a section centrally located among eight other sections which the Standard has leased to the land company for oil exploitation, planned to start No. 1 well on Section 22, 22-23, and according to oil men who have visited the Elk Hills during the week, the company has sixteen feet of oil sand which is being taken out at a rate of 100 barrels per day.

Just what quantity the Universal is able to produce from this site is not well on the section, was not made public.

Added interest to those with hold-

ings in the Elk Hills was given during the week when Washington officials announced that the Navy Department would drill twenty-five wells on a 900-foot wide strip on the north side of the Federal Hill, which is immediately adjacent to the Standard's land.

A deal of considerable importance was consummated in the Sunset Field recently when the San Joaquin and the Navy Department would drill twenty-five wells on a 900-foot wide strip on the north side of the Federal Hill, which is immediately adjacent to the Standard's land.

Considerable interest attaches to the spudding in of a well by Orval Chance, a man well known to Orval Chance, a trio of old-timers in a sporting game, who have taken a lease on a parcel of land in the Lost Hills. Their No. 1 well is located on Section 27, 21-21.

Further north, in the Devil's Den, the American Petroleum Corporation is spending \$100,000 in Section 21-21.

In the Kern River district three different operators have begun their 1-hole. Samuel C. Brown is drilling his well on Section 25, 22-23. E. 1st Street, Bakersfield, and No. 2 well on Section 25, 22-23. The Chamber-Cansfeld Midway Oil Company is working over its No. 2 well on Section 25, 22-23 and Angus J. Crude Oil Company has completed its No. 1 well on Section 22, 21-22.

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Added interest to those with hold-

NEW ISSUE

\$3,000,000

Government of the Province of British Columbia

(Canada)

6%

Five-Year General Obligation Gold Bonds

Dated April 25, 1921.

Principal and semi-annual Interest April 25 and October 25, payable in United States Gold Coin in the City of New York.

Denominations: \$500 and \$1000.

Three Bonds and the Interest thereon are a direct and primary obligation of the Province of British Columbia.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

[As Presented by the Provincial Minister of Finance.]

ASSESSED VALUATION OF PROVINCE \$1,000,000,000
NET FUNDED DEBT (including this issue) \$1,000,000,000
Population (Officially Estimated, 1921) 2,500,000,000
Area of Province 227,344,896 acres

Legal opinion of Messrs. Malone, Malone & Long, Attorneys at Law, Toronto, Ontario.

British Columbia is the third in size of the Provinces of Canada. The total area of this Province is about 227,344,896 acres. The assessed value of the Province is about \$1,000,000,000, net assessed value of the Province is about \$1,000,000,000. Lumbering, mining, mining and agriculture are the principal industries.

The following table which is being made in the development and production of the Province is given for comparing the value of the total production in 1921, which amounted to \$1,000,000,000, with that of 1920, amounting to \$237,344,896.

PRICE \$3.84 AND INTEREST,

YIELDING 7.50%.

We offer these Bonds, as it will be done and required by law.

Delivery of Temporary Certificates of the Provincial Government is Required about May 1, 1921.

CARSTENS & EARLES, Incorporated

Syndicate Managers,

312 Title Insurance Bldg.,

Los Angeles.

HALSEY STUART & CO., INC., Chicago—New York.

FERRIS & HARDGROVE,

Spokane.

SEATTLE NATIONAL BANK, Seattle.

JOHN E. PRICE & COMPANY,

Seattle.

Our minimum bonds are taken from official reports, but we do not guarantee them.

Compagnie du Boleo

SOCIETE ANONYME

Santa Rosalia French Copper Mine

8% Serial Gold Debentures

DATED MARCH 1, 1921. DUE SERIALLY MARCH 1, 1926 TO MARCH 1, 1930, INC. INTEREST PAYABLE MARCH 1 AND SEPTEMBER 1.

Equitable Trust Company of New York, Trustee

Redeemable at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, at 100 and accrued interest.

The Corporation agrees to pay Normal Federal Income Tax so far as may be lawful, but not to exceed 2%.

These Debentures are free from all French and Mexican Government Taxes.

Coupon and Registered Debentures in the denomination of \$1000.

Maturities and Prices

\$200,000 due March 1, 1926, at 97.99 and accrued interest	To yield
200,000 due March 1, 1927, at 97.68 and accrued interest	6 1/4%
200,000 due March 1, 1928, at 97.40 and accrued interest	
200,000 due March 1, 1929, at 97.14 and accrued interest	
200,000 due March 1, 1930, at 96.90 and accrued interest	

The Compagnie Du Boleo is a French Corporation, operating one of the largest copper mines in the world, situated on the Gulf of California, at Santa Rosalia, Baja California, Mexico. The company is controlled by the Rothschilds and the Mirabaud Banking Corporation of Paris, and has never before been financed in the United States.

The company has an office in the United States except a purchasing department in San Francisco, all the products of the mine going to France via the Panama Canal. During the 35 years of operation, the company has mined over \$60,000,000 worth of copper.

This loan has been made in the United States for the reason that most of the expenditures and purchases are to be made here and on account of the French exchange rate, it is more advantageous than obtaining funds from France.

TO TURN RIVER INTO OLD BED.*Imperial Irrigation Manager Proposes Big Cuts.**Program is Designed to Avert Colorado Flood Menace.**Would Also Add to Strength of Ockerson Levee.*

(EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH)
EL CENTRO, April 24.—Return-
ing of the Colorado River to the
channel in which it ran to the Gulf
of California prior to 1902, and the
making of the Pescadero-Bee River
cut in Lower California, are the out-
standing features of a comprehensive
plan proposed by General Manager
F. N. Cronholm of the Imperial
Irrigation District. Diversions will
allow the Imperial Valley of the meander-
ing of the Colorado when it is in
full flood.

The first step suggested by Mr.
Cronholm is the Pescadero-Bee River
cut, comprising two excavations,
100 feet wide, six feet deep, about
three miles apart, and 100 yards apart
and 200 feet apart, the plan being
to allow the center portion to humor
out and then to have a shallow cut
about 400 feet in width along the
present channel of the Bee River.

Because of the large amount of
silt and sand carried by the Colo-
rado up the banks of the stream have
been cut off from the river, the
removal of this fact was responsi-
ble for Mr. Cronholm's recommenda-
tion that the cuts be made as the
means of lowering the river by means of
recession, and thereby eliminating
the necessity of the river continuing
to build up and finally
breaking over and turning north-
ward, possibly flooding both Mexi-
can and American lands.

In his report recommending his
program to the District Mr. Cron-
holm states that on Feb. 26, 1920,
when the Colorado was discharging
the record flow of western 1902, he
recommended new levees, proposed as the best method of confining the
river to the new channel which would be created by the proposed
cut-offs. On the left of the map the solid and broken lines show
the various proposed cut-offs. The Bee River cut is shown as the first step in the flood-control program. The expenditure of
\$20,000, or more, if necessary, to strengthen the Ockerson levee has
been authorized by the Imperial Irrigation District at the present
time. The Ockerson levee is the middle of the two levees. It is
proposed to cut off these two levees which make the river seven
miles longer, although on an airline only four miles is covered.

Taking into account the amount
of the river bed that has been
removed in the valley, it is
estimated that a channel should be made
north of the ridge on which the
river is now flowing, it seems evident
that the stream which extends the
connection must be outlined.

It is said that the cut would hold
the river from again rising to its
former elevation, which it did
from three to five years because of a
recession upstream, and that it
would also relieve the old bed of
the stream which extends the
more than three feet of water
would stand against the Ockerson
levee. Under such conditions very
little water would ever enter the
Ockerson, Volcano Lake or Salis-
bury during the period in which
the river was again building itself
in the Pescadero cut.

In making surveys along the Col-
orado River channel irrigation districts
have found the cost of con-
struction that has not actually been
known before, according to Mr.
Cronholm, among which are that
the river can be diverted from the
Mile No. 4 on the Ockerson
levee, and that by eliminating
these turns and moving the Ockerson
levee closer to the river, the river
in so far as it involves keeping the river in its
old channel is entirely practicable.
By cutting two channels about twice
as long as those proposed for the
Pescadero cut.

The original proposal that the dis-
trict spend \$40,000 in
constructing the Ockerson levee was
approved by Mr. Cronholm with the
selection of the immediate construc-

Straightening the Unruly Colorado.

Proposed Cuts and New Levees in Lower California.
Solid heavy black lines are proposed cuts to straighten the channel of the Colorado River and return it back to the old channel from which it was diverted. The new levees, proposed as the best method of confining the river to the new channel which would be created by the proposed cut-offs. On the left of the map the solid and broken lines show the various proposed cut-offs. The Bee River cut is shown as the first step in the flood-control program. The expenditure of \$20,000, or more, if necessary, to strengthen the Ockerson levee has been authorized by the Imperial Irrigation District at the present time. The Ockerson levee is the middle of the two levees. It is proposed to cut off these two levees which make the river seven miles longer, although on an airline only four miles is covered.

tion of the Pescadero cut, straightening the river along the Ockerson levee and cutting channels to divert the river into the old channel in its former bed.

Moving of the Ockerson levee farther eastward as a means of confining the river to a well defined channel, as it has done frequently in the past, is recommended, one instance of its windings being cited, where the river took a levee and turned a roundabout course to gain four miles.

In winding up his argument, to the directors of a permanent program of flood protection work, Mr. Cronholm writes:

"By the time the Bee River cut is completed, I think it should be hoped that the Boulder canyon reservoir will have been completed and from it on an extensive river system will be required to divert the strain on our levees to the Boulder Canyon dam. The river training along the Ockerson is important."

MAIL HANDLING MADE EASY BY INVENTION.

A new Los Angeles production designed to aid Uncle Sam in the dispatch of first-class mail and to save the business man time and probable loss of postage material is soon to make its appearance here. It is the "Posto" machine, the inventor is Luther L. Mack of 622 Homer Laughlin Building. The machine, which has already been tried out and demonstrated to local postoffice officials, postmark cancellers and stamp letter savers, saves the postoffice people this work and facilitating the handling of the mail. Firms using it are granted permits from the postoffice department, which issue a number of impressions in blue or stamp. These impressions are locked in a printing head, which is held in place by a screw which is removed only by postal officials, as the keys are kept in their hands. The machine weighs forty-five pounds and can turn out from 200 to 600 letters a minute.

The First Thing You Think Of.**Any Tea Expert Will Tell You—**

that Ridgways GOLD LABEL TEA is Genuine Orange Pekoe Tea. You can notice the marked difference in the appearance of the leaf, and in its superb flavor. You can make more cups from every pound of this superior tea—the finest product of eighty-five years' blending experience.

FOR TRUE REFRESHMENT*Sold only in airtight tins***Ridgways Tea****CLARA'S THERE, BUT UNNOTICED.***San Diego Congregation Not Aware of Her Presence.**Her Manager Promises Moral in Every Picture.**Films to be Made in South, but Details Unsettled.*

(EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH)
SAN DIEGO, April 24.—Clara Smith Hamon, central figure of the Jake Hamon murder case, will make San Diego the place from which her screen efforts will be sent out to the world, it was announced here today. Mrs. Hamon arrived late last night in automobile from Los Angeles, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Verna James; her brother-in-law, Van A. James; her brother, "Jimmy" Smith; and W. E. Weatherly, her manager.

She came here for a conference with Captain San Diegans concerning the financing of her screen pictures.

"We probably will rent studios at first and later enlarge the quarters. We plan to produce four pictures a year," said Mr. Weatherly.

He added that a movie note will be in all of the pictures.

Mrs. Hamon, of the Central Christian Church, the northern church for people in the congregation recognized the girl whose story has been raised to the level of the country in the past few months.

The party left today for Los Angeles to make further arrangements with motion picture companies.

They refused to state whether they had been successful in making financial arrangements here.

FLOWER SHOW.

Thousands of people visited the flower show of the San Diego Floral Association held in Balboa Park yesterday. Specimens of many rare plants from the park and during the day, talks on floral subjects were given by members of the association.

Hundreds of different kinds of roses were exhibited in the special rose show, which was a feature of the display.

HENRY M. ROBINSON ON LEAVES FOR FAST.

TO ATTEND CONFERENCE DEALING WITH BUSINESS PROBLEMS OF NATION.

To attend three conferences of particular importance to the growth of American business, both domestic and foreign, Henry Robinson, president of the International Council of the Los Angeles Trust and Savings Banks, left for the East yesterday.

Probably the most important of the three is the annual meeting of the American Society of International Law to be held in Washington from April 27 to 30.

The composition of the executive committee, with William Brown Scott as chairman and James Brown Scott as secretary, will take up certain problems of international law requiring immediate consideration.

While in the East Mr. Robinson will attend the Executive Council of the American Bankers Association of which he is a member-at-large.

This is of particular interest to business on the Pacific Coast, in that the twelfth annual convention of the American Bankers Association will be held in Los Angeles in October.

The present meeting is held in preparation of the conference to be conducted in the composition of the executive committee.

He will also attend the meeting of the American Advisory Committee of the International Chamber of Commerce, which is of particular interest to business on the Pacific Coast, in that the twelfth annual meeting of the International Chamber of Commerce will be held in Los Angeles in October.

The Pacific Coast is represented by the American Committee of the International Chamber of Commerce.

Henry Robinson, Thomas A. O'Donnell, president of the American Protective Association, and Herbert C. Hoover, Secretary of Commerce and president of American Engineering Council of Federated American Engineers, are members of the executive committee.

The shipping magnate of San Francisco, John S. Drury, president of the American Bankers Association, is also a member.

The International Chamber of Commerce was formed at the International Conference of World War in Paris in June, 1920, and was created to make import and export trade easier, to safeguard international trade, to combat unfair competition and fraud; to standardize international documents, practices and laws affecting international trade.

The International Chamber of Commerce is of great assistance in removing international friction, much of which begins with commercial differences, to increase the tone of international trade and to make the products available to the people of the world; to increase mutual good-will between nations in their transactions, thus increasing international friendliness, the basis of peace; and to cultivate personal acquaintance between men of business and bankers of the different nations of the world, thus lessening international prejudices and misunderstandings.

FOUR WANTED HERE.

Extradition of Arrested Embroiders and Check Passer Sought.

Extradition of four persons wanted in Los Angeles on various felony charges has been requested by Dist. Atty. Woolwine in petitions to Gov. Stephens. The four are Harry Battaglia, book-keeper and collector for The Citizen, a publication connected with the organized labor movement here, and she is charged in an information with receiving \$2500 of the publication's funds, Dep. Dist. Atty. Stafford said last night.

Another arrest in Texas as the basis for the asking of extradition of Paul Heydeberg, accused by his wife of having embezzled \$2500 of her money before leaving for Florida.

William E. Spears, said to be a former Army officer and real estate dealer, is under arrest at Tulsa, Okla. The authorities want him back on a charge of passing worthless checks, they say. He is declared to have left a trail of stimulant checks throughout Southern California.

The fourth principal named in the petitions is James A. Cranston, indicted for grand larceny. It is asserted that he has hidden away to keep the money instead of turning it over to the Smith Bros. Motor Company for which he worked.

Suits you cannot appreciate without seeing! Think of it—a trim serge suit, straight line, belted model—at this remarkably low price. A limited quantity—it will be wise to shop early. Sizes for women and misses—10.00.

(Hamburger's—Downstairs Store—Tuesday)

(Hamburger's—Downstairs Store—Tuesday)